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# MADRAS DISTRICT GAZETTEERS.

# MADURA.

VOLUME II.



### MADRAS DISTRICT GAZETTEERS.

## STATISTICAL APPENDIX

FOR

# MADURA DISTRICT.



MADRAS
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

1915.



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		9.										
	_	rant		Number of	- of		Population.		, <u>Լ</u> Ս Մե	Percentage of	age of	-6[n 010
		) E			<del></del>		1911,		6T 1	population) in	on (no	abs
Localify.		ni aera selim	Towns.	Villages.	Occupied houses.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Tortaluqo Ti (Bəxəb	1891— 1901.	1901— 1911.	to ytiens( vion per L ,elim
(1)	-	(3)	(3)	4	(5)	(9)	(5)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Dindigol Division.												
Dindigul Palni Nilakottai Kodankanal	: : : :	890 593 411 403	дден	153 116 138 15	67,934 43,896 33,026 4,937	579,186 220,149 199,262 21,961	188,000 106,370 97,415 11,247	193,186 113,779 101,847 10,714	336,789 214,972 178,255 19,677	+ 10.6 + 10.2 + 11.8 + 7.1	+++ + 11.8 + 11.6	426 368 485 54
USILAMPATTI DIVISION.						-						
Tirumangalam Periyakulam	: :	745 1,117	1 69	277 88	53,271 68,991	311,823 365,160	153,792 178,837	158,031 186,323	265,396 320,098	+ 0.3 + 21.6	+ 17·5 + 14·1	419 327
Melur Division.						<b></b>		ı				
Madara Melar	· ;	267 484	1 2	210	44,029 37,112	263,780 171,511	130,139 82,506	133,641 89,00 <b>5</b>	223,620 154,381	+ 187	+ 18·0 + 11·1	983 354
District Total	:	4,916	Ħ	1,097	348,196	1,932,832	946,306	986,526	1,713,188	1111+	+ 12:8	393

II.-Variation in Population since 1891.

Towns.		Population		Percentage of variation of population,	
	1911,	1901.	1891.	1891-1901.	1901-1911.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(-1-)	(5)	(6)
The whole district.	1,932,692	1,713,188	1,542,245	11.1	12.8
DINDIGUL TALUK.  Dindigul *	25,052	25,182	20,208	24.0	ة و 0
PALNI TALUK.	1				
Palui	13,211	17,108	16,940	:∙3	23.0
Nilakkottai Taluk.					
Solavandan	12,419	13,556	10,108	34:1	6-4
Kodaikanal Taluk.					
Kodsikanal *	2,906	1,912	1,743	9.7	ŏ2·0
Tirumangalam Taluk.					
Tirumangalam	១,8 ហ	8,894	7,616	16.8	10.6
PERIYAKUI AM TALUK.					
Bodinayakkanur Periyakulam * Uttamapalaiyam	20,183 18,715 8,702	22,209 17,960 10,009	17,570 16,863 8,183	26·4 9·8 22·8	9·1 4·2 13·1
MADURA TALUK.					
Madura *	134,130	105,984	87,428	2:-2	26.5
MELUR TALUK.	ł				
Melur Nattam	9,972 7,111	10,100 7,796	8,577 7,162	17.8 8.9	1·8 8·8

<sup>\*</sup> Represents a Municipal Town.

### III -Roads.

Mileage of roads maintained.

Total, Metallod, Unniotalled,
1911-12 ... ... ... 922 844 78

 $\it N.B.$ —The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1010,



IV.—List of Travellers' Bungalows

.—					~
Serial number	Taluks and stations.	1	By whom main- tained	any, and th	e Nature of accommodation.
(1	) (2)		(3)_	(4)	(5)
	Dindigui Division.				
	Dindigul Tal	uk.			1
1	Palaganuttu	•••	1F.D.	Dindigul, 15 miles.	Terraced roof, two halls, two side rooms, two bath rooms, purtly furnished, kitchen
2	Shempattı	٠	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 9 miles.	and stables attached. One hall, two side rooms, two bath rooms, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
3	Eriyodu		Do.	Vada- madura, 6 miles.	Do. do.
4	Kanavaypatti		FD.	Dindigul, 14 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, duning room one, bath rooms
5	Ayyalur		Do.	Ayyalur, 1 furlong	two, kitchens two, stables two, Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchens two, stables two.
6	Senkundyu	,,,	Do.	Vada- madura, 7 miles	Tiled root, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stables two.
7	Корроваті Ма	lai	Do.	Vadu. madura, 13 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stables two.
	Palnı Taluk	. ]			]
8	Palni		L.F.D.	Dindigul, 36 miles.	Terraced and tiled roof, one hall, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished,
9	Virupakshi		F.D.	DindiguI, 22 miles.	kitchen and stables attached. Tiled roof, living room one, dining room one, bath room one, kitchen one, godown one, stables two.
	Nilakottai Talı	ık			
	Peranai			Kodaikanal road, 9 miles. Solavan- dan, 9 miles.	Partly tiled roof and partly terraced, diving room one, bath rooms three, kitchen one, with godowns and stables.
11	Andipatti	.,	Do	Solavan- dan, 3 miles.	Tiled roof, large room one, dressing rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, with godowns and stables.

IV.—List of Travellers' Bun galows —cont.

ı——-				
Serial number.	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest realway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	DINDIGUL DIVISION—cont.  Nilakottai Taluk—cout.			
12	Mettapatti	P.W.D.	Madura junction,	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one,
13	Ammayanayakanur.	L, F.D.	11 miles. Kodaikanal road, ‡ furlong.	with godowns and stables. One bungalow with living rooms two, bath rooms three, and another bungalow with two rooms and two bath
	rooms, all in or bungalow is furni butler who lives i	shed and	meals can at	n and stables attached. The any time be arranged with the
14	Solavandan	LF.D.	Solavan- dan, a mile.	Hall one, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
15	Batlagundu	Do	Kodaikanal road, 12 miles.	Do. do.
1	Kodaikanal Taluk.		1	
16	Marianshola	F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 63 miles	Corrugated iron roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stable one.
17	Machur	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 38 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath room one, litchen one, stable one.
18	Kukkal	Do.	Kodarkanal road, 62 miles.	Corrugated from shoot roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown one and stable one.
19	Kavunji	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 63 miles	Do. do.
20	Vandaveranshola.	D <sub>0</sub> .	Kodarkanal road, 73 miles.	Corrugated iron sheet roof with a verandah, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown one, stable one.
21	Pumbarai	До,	Kodaikanal road, 54 miles.	Corrugated iron sheet roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen room one, stable one.



 $IV. \\ -- List \ of \ Travellers' \ Bungalows \\ -- cont.$ 

Serial number.	Taluks and	By whom main-	Nearest railway station, it any, and	Nature of accommodation,
Serial	, septions,	tained.	the distance from it.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Dinniugul Division-cont	t.		
	Kodaikanal Taluk—cont.			
22	Tandikkudi	F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 32 miles.	Calient tiled roof, living rooms two, dming room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one,
29	Pachchalur	Do.	Dindigul, 35 miles.	godown onr, stable one. Corrugated iron roof with ceiling with planks inside, living room one, bath room
24	Pulsttur	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 24 milos.	one, kitchen ouc, godown one. Corrugated iron roof with cell ing with planks inside, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godown, stable one.
	Usilampatti Division.			
	Tirumangalam Taluk,			
25	Tirumangalam	LF.D.	Tirumanga- lam, # furlong.	Large rooms two, bath rooms two, with kitchen and tables, partly furnished.
26	Kallupatti	Do.	Tiruninga- lam, 12 miles.	Rooms two, bath room one, partly furnished.
27	Chekanoorani	Do.	Madura, 10 miles.	Hall one, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished, kitchen and stables attached.
28	Usilampatti	Do.	Tirumanga- lam, 19 miles	Do. do.
	Periyakulam Taluk,		 	
29	Periyur	P.W.D.	Kodaikanal road, 84 miles.	Corrugated iron roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one,
30	Thekkadi I.	Do.	Kodarkanal road, 77 miles.	godown one. Corrugated iron roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godowns and stables.

 ${\bf IV.-\!List~of~Travellers'~Bungalows-\!-} cont.$ 

Serial number.	Taluks and stations.	By whom main-tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it,	Nature of accommodation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(41)	(5)
	Usinampatti Division—cont. Periyakulam Taluk—cont.			
81	Thekkadi II (another small	P.W.D.	Kodaikanal road, 77 miles.	Corrugated iron roof, dining room one, bath room one.
32	bungalow). Gudalur	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 70	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two with kitchen,
38	Uttawapalaiyam.	Do,	miles. Kodaikanal road, 56 miles.	godown and stables. Tiled roof, hall one, living rooms two, bath rooms two, with kitcheu, godowns and stables.
34	Virapandi	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 41 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath rooms two with godowns, kitchen and stables.
85	Krishnama Nayak's tope.	L.F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 32 miles.	One hall, bed rooms two, bath rooms two.
86	Kodaikanal	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 43	One hall, side rooms two in front and roar, verandalis,
37	Devadanapatti	<b>₽</b> ,D.	miles, Kodaikanal road, 19	also out-houses Caliaut tiled roof, living room one, bath rooms, kitchen one.
38	Vannathiparai ,	Do.	miles. Kodaikanal road, 75 miles.	Line roofing, living room one, dining room one, bath room
<b>3</b> 9	Cumbam	Da,	Kodaikanal road, 62 miles.	one. Tiled roof with front and side verandahs and with a platform for pitching touts, living room one, dining room one, bath rooms two, side room one, kitchen one, stable one.
40	Kombai	Do.	Kodaikanul road, 59 miles.	Terraced roof, hall one, with a verandah and room.
41	Theni,	Do.	Kodalkanal road, 37 mites.	Tiled roof, with verandah and tiled porch in front of the building for office and with a platform for pitching tones, living room one, dining room one, bath room one, store room one, kitchen one, stables three.





 ${\bf IV.--List\ of\ Travellers'\ Bungalows--} cont.$ 

Taluks and station.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it.	Nature of accommodation.
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
USILAMPATTI DIVISION—cont.  Perryakulam Taluk—cont.			
Periyakulam	F.D.	Kodaikanal road, 29 miles.	Terraced roof with verandah in front, kitchen one, godown one, stables two.
Pachakamachi or Chinna Chevili.	Do.	Kodaikanal road, 45 miles.	Zine roofing, living rooms two, bath rooms two, godowns three.
Rajagopalanpatti.	Do.	Madura, 34 miles.	Tiled roof with front and side verandahs, main room one, diving room one, hath rooms two, godowns two, stables two.
MELUR DIVISION.			
Madura Taluk.			
Kallandiri	P.W.D	Madura Junction, 10 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, dressing rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one,
Chittampatti	Do.	Madura Junction, 9 miles.	godowns and stables. Tiled roof, living rooms two, central hall one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, godowns
Idaiyapatti	Do	Madura Junction,	and stables. Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two with kitchen,
Madura Town	Madura Munici- pality.	Madura Junction,	godowns and stables. Accommodates six families, torraced, furnished and
Munur	F.D.	Madura Junction, 11 miles.	equipped.  Filed roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, stable one.
Melur Taluk.		Ì	
	ת זוו מ	Ma day	
Pulippatti	Do.	Madura Janction, 18 miles, Madura, Junction, 21 miles.	Arched roof, living rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen godowus and stables.  Tiled roof, living room one, bath rooms two, dressing rooms two with kitchen, godowns and stables.
	Usilampatti Division—cont.  Perzyakulam Taluk—cont.  Perzyakulam Taluk—cont.  Perzyakulam China Chevili.  Rajagopalanpatti.  Melur Division.  Madura Taluk.  Kallandiri  Idaiyapatti  Madura Town  Munuur  Melur Taluk.  Melur Taluk.	Taluks and station. whom maintained.  (2) (3)  USILAMPATTI DIVISION—cont.  Pertyakulam Taluk—cont. Pertyakulam F.D.  Pachakamachi or Chinna Chevili. Rajagopalanpatti. Do.  Melur Division.  Madura Taluk.  Kallandiri P.W.D  Chittampatti Do  Idaiyapatti Do  Madura Town Madura Municipality. Munnur F.D.  Melur Taluk.  Melur Taluk.  Melur Taluk.	Taluks and station.  (2)  (3)  Taluks and station.  (3)  Taluks and station.  (3)  Taluks and station.  (4)  Taluks and station.  (2)  (3)  Taluks and station.  (4)  Taluks and station.  (4)  Taluks and station.  (4)  Taluks and station.  F.D.  Kodaikanal road, 29 miles.  Kodaikanal road, 45 miles.  Madura Cont.  Po.  Madura, 34 miles.  Madura Taluk.  Kallandiri P.W.D.  Madura Junction, 10 miles.  Taluks and the distance from it.  Modaikanal road, 29 miles.  Madura, 34 miles.  Madura Junction, 10 miles.  Madura Junction, 11 miles.  Madura Junction, 1 miles.  Madura Junction, 11 miles.  Melur Taluk.  Melur Taluk.  Melur Taluk.  P.W D.  Madura Junction, 11 miles.  Madura Junction, 11 miles.

IV .- List of Travellers' Bungalows-cont.

(1) Serial number.	Taluks and stations.	By whom main- tained.	Nearest railway station, if any, and the distance from it. (4)	Nature of accommodation.
	MELUR DIVISION-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	cont			
	Melur Taluk— cont.			
б2	Kottampatti	L.F.D.	Manaparai, 18 miles	Large rooms two, bath rooms two, kitchen one, partly furnished.
53	Nattain	Do.	Madura, 23 miles. Dindigul, 22 miles.	Large rooms two, side rooms two, bath rooms two, partly furnished.
54	Pudur (Vembarali).	F. D.	Madura, 13 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, dining room one, bath rooms two, kitchen one, stablestwo godown one.
55	Arukkampatti	Do	Madura, 24 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, both rooms two, kitchen one, stables two.
56	Senduraı	Do.	Ayyalur, 11 miles.	Tiled roof, living room one, bath room one, kitchen one, stables two.
57	Pillaiyarnattam	Do.	Ayvalor, 11 miles.	Tiled roof, living rooms two, bath rooms three, kitchen one, stables two.

#### Charges payable per diem.

Charges payable per diem.

Bungalows under Public Works Department.—For a single day of 24 hours for a single person, 8 annas; for a married couple 12 annas. A day's fee will be charged for an occupation of 24 hours or less, half a day's fee for a half exceeping 3 hours and less than 12 hours in a day; for half of 3 hours or less, a fee of 4 annas; for the cocupation of stable, 4 annas. When the bungalow is also occupied, there is no extra charge for the stable, 4 annas. When the bungalow is also occupied, there is no extra charge for the stable, 4 annas. Son a mars; for an occupation of over 12 hours and less than 24 hours for a single person, 4 annas, for a family, 6 annas; for an occupation of 3 hours or less for a single person, 4 annas. For stables, 4 mins, for full fees the occupier can pitch tents without extra charge. For pitching four salone, half the fee.

Bungalows under Local Fund Department—For an occupation of 4 hours and less, 8 annas for a single person, except at Kodinkanal where it is 12 annas; for a married couple, 12 annas except at Ammayanayakkanar, Krishnama Nayak's tope and Kodinkanal where it is Re. 1. For an occupation of more than 4 hours up to a limit of 21 hours 8 annas for a single person, 12 annas for a married couple, except at Ammayanayakkanar and Krishnama Nayak's tope where it is Re. 1 for a single person and Rs. 1-8-0 for a married couple and at Kodinkanal it is R. 1-8.0 for a married couple of a married couple. For children under twelve years travelling with parents or anadian no clarge.

Mudura Town Bungalow under the Madura Mameipality.—For a single person for 25 hours or less, Re. 1 and for a married couple Rs. 2. No charge for boys and girls under 12 years of arc, nor for the use of the stables for one vehicle or cart or for its animal or animals. Any traveller occuping the compound with tents for restablished for the sungalow per duem. If with vehicles or carts and the animals employed in their draught with additional tents, baggage of tents, etc., a fee of 8 annas per d



. : : :

: :

:

: :

(13)

Females.

Others. œ 11 (12): : 2 Mules œ Η (11) **:** : Total 15,206 550 3,358 810 1,208 4,812 30,694 4,105 645 (10)Females, Ohristians. 29,816 1,310 4,77511,405 533 3,194 964 4,045 590 ම ургун уу 29,611 1,083 6,552 1,774 60,510 2,518 9,587 8,150 1,2358 Totol. 39,334 8,161 5,927 1,995 103 2,372 7,672 7,778 5,386 .ខөនៃព្ភះ១៕  $\mathbf{E}$ V.—Religions in 1911. Musalmans. 37,1647,521 5,101 1,967 204 2,244 7,258 7,653 5,216 Males, 9 15,682 11,028 3,962 307  $\frac{4,616}{14,930}$ 76,558 15,431 10,602 Total. 9 154,451 173,839121,758 82,974169,819 107,802 96,494 9,801 916,438 3 Females. 164,072 100,735 92,254 10,079 118,433 76,700 150,238 166,804 879,315 Hindus. 3 ReligiM. 333,891 208,037 188,748 19,880 304,689 340,643 240,191 159,674 1,795,753 Total. ন্ত : : : : 1 : : : : USILAMPATTI DIVISION. District Total DINDIGUL DIVISION. MELUR DIVISION. : : : : Taluks.  $\widehat{\Xi}$ : ; ; Tírumangalam Periyakulam ... Nılakkottai Kodaikanal Dindigul Palni ... Madura Melur ..

mad. 2

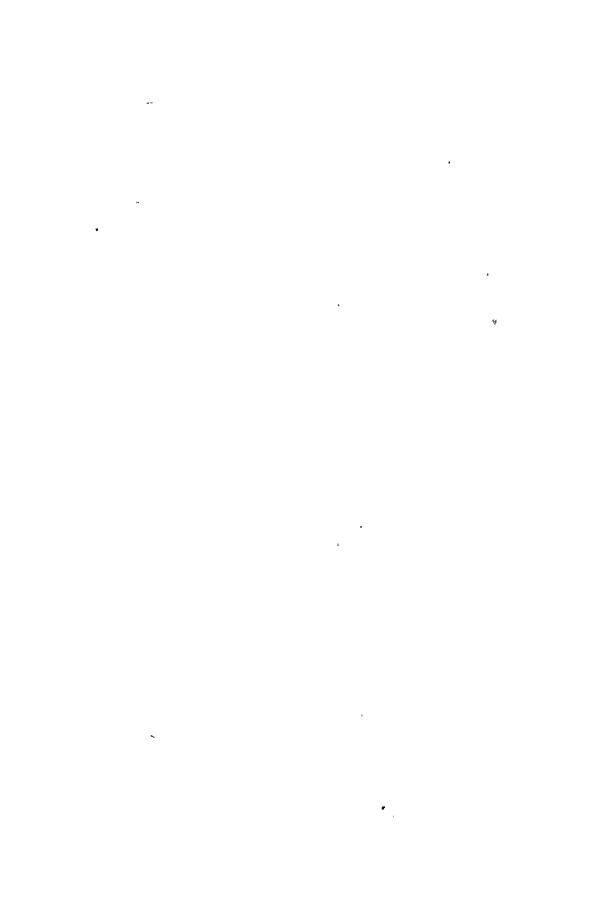
10 VI.—Vital Statistics.

	R	Ratio per 1,000 of population of							
Taluks.		Births.		Douths.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1910.	1911.	1912.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(8)	(7)			
Dindigul Division.									
Dindigul	34	30 33 31 81	28 31 29 27	17 21 0 22	19 25 24 32	18 24 20 24			
Usilampattı Division, Tirumangalam Periyakulam	( 00	29 28	27 26	16 18	20 18	18 14			
Melur Division.									
Melur	1	26 25	24 21	27 19	29 21	22 20			
Town Circles									
Municipal Towns,									
Madura	46	34 42 36 43 41	39 40 54 42 82	27 35 46 31 21	88 34 40 48 24	80 88 50 29 17			
Other Towns.					į	ı			
Melur Tirumangalam	. 28 . 48 . 20 . *	19 31 40 15 6 21	24 25 80 14 24 36	29 19 20 11 * *	18 37 26 11 8 18	18 22 20 11 26 81			
Total for the District	20	80	28	1.8	28	20			

<sup>\*</sup> Separate figures are not available as they are treated as towns only after he consust 1011.

NOTE.—(1) This tuble includes the statistics relating to Europeans and Eurasians.

(2) The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1010.





VII.—Causes of death. (Average of the statistics for the three years ending 1912)

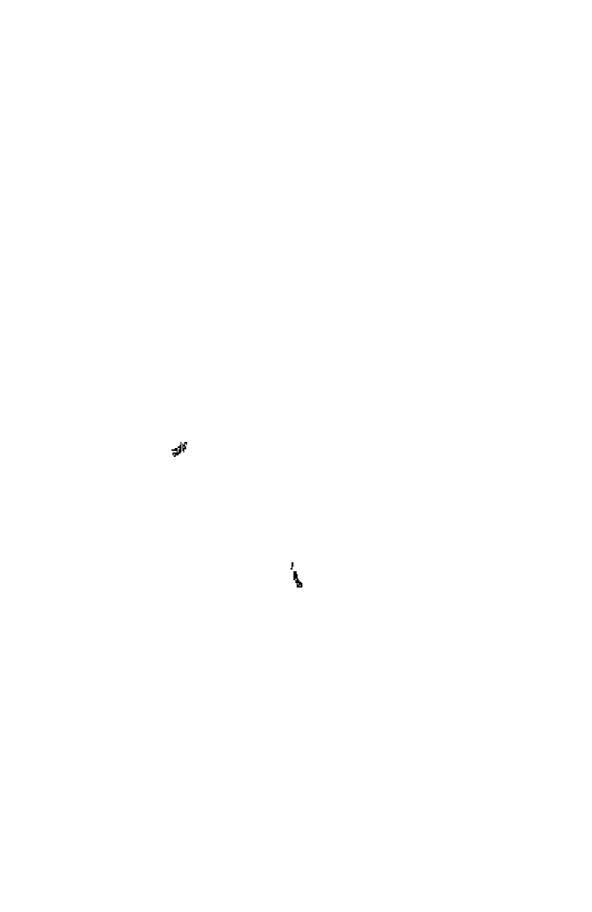
Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population from								
Taluks		& Cholera	S Small-pox.	Plague.	G Fever.	Dysentery S and Diarrhea.	All other causes.	(8) Total
(I)	<u>-</u>	(2)	(8) 1	(48)	(0)	1 1	(,)	<del>(/-</del>
Dindigul Division.				l				
Dindigul Palni Nilakkottai Kodaikanal		1 2 			3 1 3 10	1 2 2 3	12 17 11 13	18 23 17 26
Usilampattı Division.						_		".0
Tirumangalam Periyakulam		1 1	•••		7 5	1 1	8 8	18 15
Melur Division.	1	)    -						
Madura	•••	3 2	1 1	•••	7 2	3	12 14	26 20
Town Circles.								
Municipal Towns.								
Madura Dindigul Palni Periyakulam Kodaikanal		4 2 5 4	3 1 1 	2 6 	5 2 1 7 8	4. 6 6 9 2	16 22 28 16 16	32 35 47 36 21
Other Towns.								
Melur Trumangalam Uttamapalaiyam Bodinayakanur	 	3 3 1 1	1  		1 12 8 6	2 2	14 9 11 4	20 26 22 11
Solavandam* Nattam*		 4	3	***	3 5		12 12	17 25
Total for the District		2	1		4,	2	12	21

<sup>\*</sup> Average of statistics are given for the two years, 1911 and 1912 as they are treated as towns only after the consus of 1911.

Note.—(1) This table includes the statistics relating to Europeans and Eurasians,
(2) The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

12
VIII.—Castes, Tribes and Races in 1911.

					Strength.				
Cont	Caste, Tribo or Race.								
Cubi	, 1		emoc.	1	Males.	Fornalos.	Total.		
	1	(1)			(2)	(8)	<b>(4)</b>		
I, Hindu	T ANT	ANTMI	em Olas	TEN.					
2, 22, 20		Tamil.	0.1.	/=20.		1			
Agamudaiya	n	***		]	28,399	80,846	58,745		
Ambalakai a					2,212	2.340	4,552		
Amhattan	.,,	***	**1	,.,	8,450	8,726	17,176		
Andi Brahman	**	/11	•••		3,345	3,274	6,619		
Ohetti		***		***	$11,720 \\ 22,667$	11,910 24,838	28,630		
Idaiyan		***		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	28,787	20,683	47,505 58,420		
Kaikolan		***			5,550	5,061	11,511		
Kallan	• •	***			94,409	97,587	191,946		
Kammalan				1,	35,886	35,536	71,122		
Kuravan		***	•••		4,278	4,793	9,066		
Kusayan	•••	***	***		8,131	8,335	16,466		
Malaiman Maravan	•	***	• •		964	1,007	1,971		
Nattaman	••	***	٠.		18,060	19,048	37,108		
Pallan	•	***	•••		1,836 67,588	1,864	3,700		
Palli	•	***	***	***	12,357	69,097 12,970	136,686		
Pandaram		***		1	2,478	2,722	25,886 5,200		
Paraiyan	1				48,727	51,100	09,017		
Sembadavan		134	***	,	2,440	2,921	5,361		
Shanan					15,600	16,138	31,738		
Sudaraman	٠	•••			2,268	2,144	4.712		
Uppiliyan Urali	***	***	***		1,594	1,967	3,561		
Urali Valaiyan	• • •	***		,	4,880	4,998	0,878		
Valluvan		***		• (	40,622	48,347	83,960		
Vaniyan	***			"	1,548 5,559	1, <b>6</b> 04   7,088	8,160		
Vannan		111	***		14,451	13,481	12,597		
Vedan		***	***	- ::. {	1,765	2,1.56	27,933 3,921		
Vellala				44.	114,668	119,792	284,460		
Vettuvan	•••	111			2,379	2,916	5,296		
	(b)	Telugu,				,	1 21440		
Balija	•••		1-1	]	81,210	32,478	68,683		
Brahman	•••	• • •	***	., {	1,943	1,871	3,814		
Ohakkilıyan Daraz za	•••		***	}	39,199	41,133	80,332		
Devanga Janeanan		***	••		11,580	11,685	28,065		
Janappan Kamma	•••	***	***	•••	3,044	4,608	8,207		
Кари		**		***	11,768	11,908	23,670		
Komati	4.			:	17,260 8,178	18,121	35,381		
Odde		**	***	::: }	15,956	2,800 16,418	6,068		
Sale		***			4,374	4,335	32,374   8,709		
Tottiyan	••	***			22,090	23,630	45,629		
Vadugan	•••	••	1	}	10,616	10,207	20,913		
(0	s) <b>M</b>	alayalan	n.			Nil.	,		
_		anarese.		1		-4401			
Kurumban		1,1		,., [	8,649	9.000	75-10		
Vakkaliga	•••	144	141		6,846	8,900 ( 9,268 (	17,549		
					الماليون	0,400	16,104		



\$13\$ VIII.—Castes, Tribes and Races in 1911—cont.

		Strength.						
Caste, Tribe or Race.		Males	Females.	Total.				
(1)		(2)	(8)	(4)				
I. HINDU AND ANIMIST CAST	res—cont.							
(e) Uriya.			Nil.					
(f) Other Madras Langue	ijes.							
Kshatriya Patnulkaran		7,968 21,393	7,897 <b>2</b> 2,038	15,865 43,481				
II. Mussalman.	ļ		,					
Labbai		24,953 2,383 1,629 5,473	26,799 2,525 1,640 5,802	51,762 4,908 3,169 11,275				
III. Cheistian.								
Indian Christian		29,382	30,302	59,684				
IV. OTHERS .	.,	51,406	52,294	108,700				
Т	'otal	946,306	986,526	1,932,832				

134,959 141,055 22,765 2,117,960 63,730 121,433 848,737 130,861 5,012 426,228 787,308 191,813 275,433 3,146,860434,652 306,771 280,820 3,146,860 District Total (10) 62,270 53,706 27,962 27,907 138,030 309,575 39,145 19,778 SS6 209 60,018 ACS. 289,021  $\frac{10,902}{9,952}$ 61,347 14,990309,875 Melur Taluk. 6 Melur Division. AC8, 117,296 4,938 42,656 6,208 3,444 32,816 7,345 33,779 93,714 ... 25,568 780 179 80,212 6,515 171,098 44,824 171,098 71,051 Madura Taluk. 8 IX.—Classification of area and principal crops in fasli 1322 (1912-13). 4,114 1,280 281,261 103,283 246,675 56,223 18,522 283,702 14,251 8,453 12,951 33,184 297 39,580 65,043 ACB. 421,750 64,136Usilampatti Division. 708,405708,405 Periya. kulam Taluk,  $\varepsilon$ nangalam Taluk. AGS. 250,874 15,449 40,690 169,748 8,399 145,020 17,465 24,641 281,236 30,631 14,878 147 26,808 33,230 476,761 45,965 476,761Tiru-9 Nilakottai Kodaikanal Taluk. Taluk. 159,591 69,101 9,988 5,122 20,625 264,497 3,028 2,161 2593,027 264,427 264,427 ï : ; : <u></u> 13,674 8,751 934 44,919 35,700 ACS. 169,048 5,480 19,738 68,870 40,193 61,301 27,718 44,180 9,424 124,500 263,136 263,136 20,821 Dindigal Division. 4 5,647 1,559 14,698 50,829 20,457 1,382 74,325 18,628 68,167 221,120 ACS. 206,234 3,923 365 23,324 60,601 353,622 **58,220** 173,100 383,622 Palni Talnk, 3 Dindigul Taluk, 47,666 104,364 26,484 87,671 303,151 ACS. 399,310 18,924 6,752 144,550 569,536 17,959 31,746 512 53,054 28,420 64,482 569,536 2,837 ন্ত ; : : : : : : : ; : : <u>;</u> ; : : ፥ Culturable waste other than fallows. Irrigated by Government canals
Do. by private canals
Do. by tanks
Do. by wells
Do. by other sources Area shown in village accounts Total area irrigated BULYBY ÷ : : ፧ <del>}</del> ; Government (Ryotwari Land) Foregus .... Not available for cultivation Total area by : ÷ : : Cereals and pulses-Items.  $\Xi$ : : Net area cropped Current fallows Area under -Minor inam Whole inam Zamindari Cholam Forests ...





102,716 108,671 490,284	1,289,262	28,529 47,740 13,728 59	90,056	18,852 8,006 178,680 82	9,767 13,042	22,809	1,735 25,134 8,153	1,637,335	1,466,078
6,651 13,389 28,649	125,026	5,959 10,706 5,245	21,910	731 147 572	449	61	3,213 552	152,512 14,482	138,030
1,03± 3,942 10,068	101,771	866 2,267 508	3,641	297 16± 2,068	78 325	403	3,309 1,311	112,964 19,250	93,714
7,080 39,355 125,942	277,000	7,698 5,587 692 13	13,990	3,950 270 23,390	3,215 1,581	4,796	1,608	327,313 43,611	283,702
10,163 14,58S 87,466	172,255	4,121 8,314 751	13,186	1,389 467 102,298 30	320 249	569	47 1,640 730	292,011 11,375	281,236
1,909 4,106	8,436	: :	49	3,732	4,945	4,945	4,175	21,495 870	20,625
3,980 7,368 36,355	128,322	4,010 4,135 257	8,402	1,098 332 7,241	1,160	1,715	3,211 602	150,924	124,500
21,566 14,441 89,529	209,461	3,073 816 1,318	5,234	1,418 1,040 24,767	3,127 420	3,547	1,552	248,346 27,226	221,120
52,241 13,679 108,169	266,991	2,802 15,915 4,915	23,644	5,737 646 17,920 52	1,818	6,773	135 6,688 2,575	331,170 28,019	303,151
: : :	;	1 1 1		3:::	÷ •	·	:: }		;
11:	Total	::::	Total	. : : :	: •	Total	roduce crops	rea cropped more than on	Net area cropped
: : '		: ::		89 : : : 1	: ,		prod od ere	rea c more	rea c
: ;		Þ1		I spic			 ården on-for	Total ar ropped	Net a
Cambu Ragi Others		Oil seeds— Th or gingelly Groundant Gastors Others		Condiments and spices Sugareane, etc Cotton Durise, etc.	Tobacco		Fodder crops Orchards and garden produce Miscellaneous non-food crops	Total area cropped Deduct area cropped Deduct area cropped more than once	

X.—Reserved Forest and Area proposed for reservation (in square miles) on 30th June 1913.

Taluks.	Esserved forest.	Area pro-	fotal of columns 2 and 3.	Area of taluk.	Percentage of column 4 to cultiva-
DINDIGUL DIVISION.					
Dindigul Palni Nilakkottai Kodaikana!	74:48 2:16 62:80 249:35	  -012	74·48 2·16 62·80 240·86	889·90 599·41 411·15 413·16	15·72 0·63 32·28 773·93
Usicampatti Division.					
Tirumangalam Periyakulam	18·12 161·37	 •014	13·12 161·38	744·94 1,106·89	2·99 36·41
MELUR DIVISION.			<b>,</b>		
Madura Melur	5·88 97·29		5*38 97*29	267·84 484·18	3·6 <b>7</b> 45·11
Total	665.95	'026	665-97	4,916.97	29יי)7

## Net revenue realized under forests during

				RS,
1910–11		 ,	 111	 81,289
1911-12	 	 	-44	 95,712
1912-13	 	 		68 469

Note.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.



XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement.

(Part I. Area under each money rate.)

		<del></del>	ĵ		
		District Total.	ACS.	56,937 51,766 230,595 445,964 176,244 18,494 16,265 10,265 10,265 10,265	100610-6
	ivigion	Melur Taluk	ACS.	22,973 82,636 82,636 8,081 1,338 50	:
	Melar Division	Madura Taluk.	ACB.	1,637 17,217 37,467 11,763 6,383 682 10 27	
	Division.	Penya- kulam Taluk.	ACB.	2,788 7,215 7,215 7,47,54 41,397 4,941 	
	Usilampatti Division.	Tiru- mengalam Taluk.	AG8.	52,389 37,884 35,710 34,939 10,059 1,826 90 	,
Dry.		Nijakottai Taluk. (4)	ACB.		-
	Dindigal Division.	Palni Talok (3)	AGB,	1,769 2,693 36,522 45,416 47,724 25,548 6,544 	•
	Di	Dindigul Taluk. (2)	ACS,	2,836 65,160 170,762 57,220 24,808 3,958 	,
				1111111 1 1	
		rates.			
		Particulars of money rates.			
		rs of 1		sial	
		tionla		i i i · i i ; i · jādg	
.		Рал	BB. A.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Į			崗	3 00011118	

MAD. 3

XI.—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement—cont.

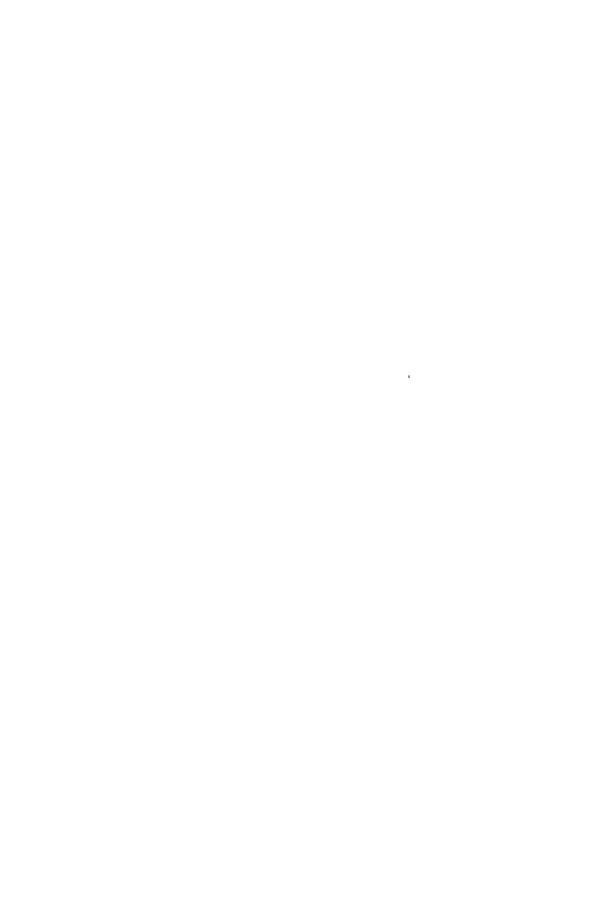
(Part I. Area under each money rate)—cont.

Net Net

	Á	Dindigul Division.	םנ.	Usilampatti Division.	i Division.	Melur Division.	ivision.	
Particulars of money rates.	Dindigul Taluk.	Palni Taluk.	Nilakottai Taluk.	Tira- mangalam Talak,	Periya- kulam Taluk.	Madura Taluk.	Melur Taluk,	District Total.
(1)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(5)	- 1	(7)	(8)	(6)
	ACS,	ACB.	ACS.	AGS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
	2888 923 2,816 6,415 7,817 2,573 446	408 646 1,225 1,365 2,140 5,567 1,406	: , : : : : :	 1,144 1,144 5,488 7,984 4,905 1,317	157 894 1,103 5,630 8,115 6,063 2,768 868	1,746 6,645 8,848 8,848 8,865 13,642 6,736 3,281	 573 4,398 27,729 12,514 1,188	566 8,074 11,040 24,700 37,807 65,713 27,314 5,857
Grand Total	21,278	12,747	·	20,842	25,098	49,764	46,402	166,131

NoTE.—The Niskottal Talok was formed with effect from 1st July 1910. The constitution of Madwa and Dindsqv? Paloks was also changed from the same date. Figures for the revised areas are not available. Hence old figures have been adopted





XI,—Classification of area and money rates according to the last settlement.

(Part 2. Classes and sorts included under each money rate.)

				,					_					
	Fourth class	Rate.	(14)	RS, A.	رن 20		<b>4</b> .		8			6.1 80		-
	Fourt	.maraT	(13)		4	1	ro 		9			<i>L</i> -		
	Third class.	Rate.	(21)	BB. A.	8 9				4g 80			σ σ		p,
	Third	.шатаТ	(11)		m		4. ——		ro			9		
Wet.	Second class.	Rate.	(10)	BB. A.	7		<b>20</b>		νο oo	•		4.		
	Secon	.тетвТ	(6)		63		·		4			ıα		
	First class,	Eate.	(8)	BS. A	80		o 		8 9			œ 10		
	Fire	Terom.	E		1		× ×							
		Sort.	(9)		٦	<b>⊣</b> ¢	7 7	61.6	יייה	- <del></del>	na <b>~8</b> 1	ಬೀಬ	61	
	Soil	Class.	(2)		IΛ	III	ΙΙΑ	111		VIII	III	V VII	ΔIII	
	First group.	Rate.	(4)	BS. A.	70	1 8	4	1		0			0 12	
	Firs	,шатаТ	<u>e</u>			63 ~~~	°°	) )			<u> </u>		~~—. ™	
Dry.		Sort,	3		ī	23 1-1	60 60	, –	4100	O F	<del>-</del>	ro 4	\$1 to	- <del>'</del>
	Soil.	Class	(I)		:	::	Ŧ	. :	1:	: :	:	::		<u>:</u>
						ΙΔ		ΔII	III	A TIL	V III	ĦÈ	Δ Π Π	VIII

			Fourth class.	Rate.	(14)	RB A.	2 0		D N	0 8
			Four	าในขณะไ	(13)		8		σ	<b>50</b>
—cont.		 	Third class.	Rate.	(12)	RB. A.	62 00		9	0
ement-	cont.		Thir	Taram.	(11)		۲۰	0	υ	<b>∞</b>
$\Delta L$ .—Vlassincation of area and money rates according to the last settlement— $cont$ .	(Part 2. Classes and sorts included under each money rate)—cont.	Wet.	Second class.	Rate.	(10)	BS. A.	တ	α 6		2 0
s to th	ь топ		Seco	Таזיит,	(6)		9	r.	•	æ
according	ınder eac		First class.	Rate.	(8)	BS, A.	8	90		00 00
rrates	nded 1		T.E.	Teram.	3			ت مــہ ہ		~~~
money	rts inc]			Sort.	9)	4	10 33 +1 %	2 113 41 x	o <del>4</del>	re re
t a <b>rea</b> and	ses and so		Soil.	Class	(5)	E!	AT AT		MIII	V IIIA
ntication of	rt 2. Clas		First group,	Rate	( <del>4</del> )	RS. A.	8 0	9 0	0	
-Class	(Pg		Ē	Тагепт.	(8)			~~	80	1
4		Dry.		Sort,	(S)	100	ე 41 co	404	טי טי	
						:	i i :	1:1	: :	
			Soil.	Class.	Ξ	ì	1 1 1	<b>:</b> : ·	: ;	
				O		=	: : : HH	: : : #	:: 日	
	[		l			10	VIII VIII	AIII VIII	V	

·		

XII.—Rainfall.

					Ave	Average rainfall (1870–1909) in inches	infall (	1870–19	ai (600	inches	тi			
Names of rain-gauge stations.		Јоливту.	-ҚтнитбеЧ	Marob.	April.	Мау.	Эппе	July.	A ugost.	geptem-	October.	-мотоИ -теd	Dесеш- рег.	V hole
DINDIGUE TAEUK,										-				
Dindigul Vedassadur *	: :	0.62	0.43	0.62	2:1 <b>6</b> 2:59	3.00	1.87	1.27	2.61	3.54 3.25	6.26	4.97 3.61	2.29	29.96 27.39
PALNI TALUE,				-	-	-								
Ohatrapatti † Pahi	::	2.01 0.43	0.37	0.52	1.80	3.92	1.49	0.41 0.51	2.00	1.88	8 6 9 8	4.73 5.41	1.45	28.87 5 59
VILAKKOTIAI TALUK,				-										
Nilakkottai * Solavandan ‡	: :	0 55	0.45	0.69	2.53	3.31	0.73 0.89	0.83	3 88	3 94	8.47	4 03 5 45	1.75	30.00 30.58
KODAIKANAL TALUK.														
Kodaikanal §	:	1.73	1.55	3.84	2.08	6.15	101	3.97	6.44	6.59	12:17	61.4	5 38	6420
TIRUMANGALAM TALUK.														
Tirmangalam	:	0.87	5	0.73	2.37	3.24	4	1.30		4.27	8:11	4.63	1.79	31.78
Persiyur †		0.40	1.38	1.02	2.88 4.58	3.18 1.86	0 65	0.54	2.42 3.78	4.13 2.19	8.56	5.67	2 12	32·15 31·38
* 1887–09,	+ 19	† 1904-09.		1 1906-09.	_   -   %	- 50 - 50	§ 1874-09.	-	_   381   188	1880-09.	]			

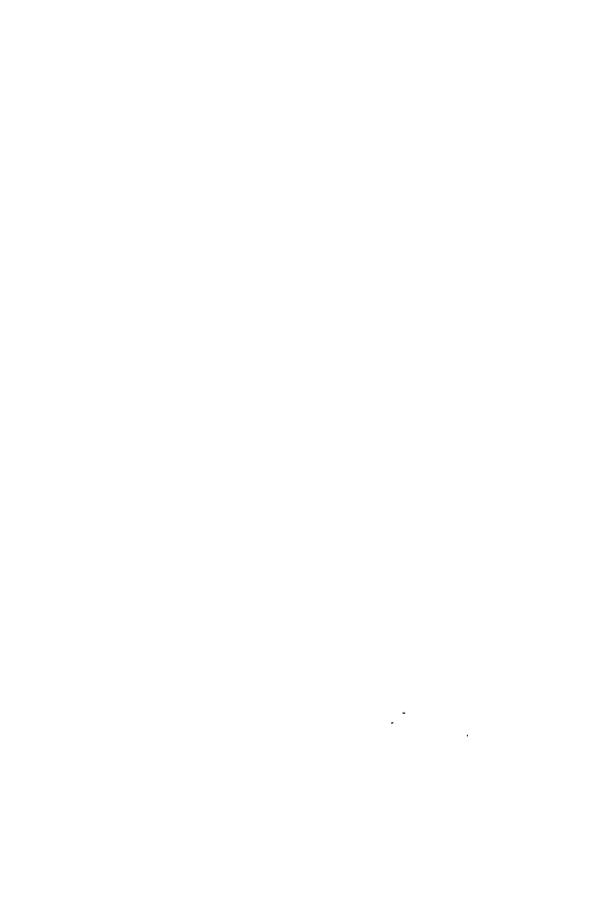
XII.-Rainfall-conf.

				Av	erage r	Average rainfall (1870-1909) in inches in	(1870-)	i (606)	іпсьев	j.ä			
Names of rain-gauge stations.	Леппагу.	Гергияту.	March,	.firqA	May.	липе,	July	August.	Septem- red	October.	Моуела. раг.	Төсөш-	year.
PERITAKUTAN TALUK.	- <u> </u>							_					
Bodinayakkanur ¶ Periyakulan Uttemapalaiyan	1.01 1.09 0.46	0.74 0.98 0.73	2.22 1.93 0.74	4.11 3.00 2.29	3·29 3·11 2·54	1.11	0.63 0.75 1.43	1.95 1.97 1.19	1:53 2:47 1:45	6 99 7.49 7.37	3.77 4.74 5.39	1.64 1.71 2.27	28:99 30:24 27:23
MADUBA TALUK.													
Madura	0 49	0.48	0 73	23.4	2.73	1 69	1.81	4:09	4.81	8.66	4.79	5.03	34.81
MELUR TALUE,									-				<del></del>
Melur	0.55	0.34	09.0	1.83	3.03	2.06	2:32	5.01	5.23	8-42	4.54	2 60	36.53
District average	99.0	0 52	0.81	2.25	2-99	1.38	1.22	2-75	3 48	7.61	4.92	2.21	30.71
	1880-09.	ာ		<b>-</b>	1 1905-09.	ر ا		) 					

|| 1880-09.

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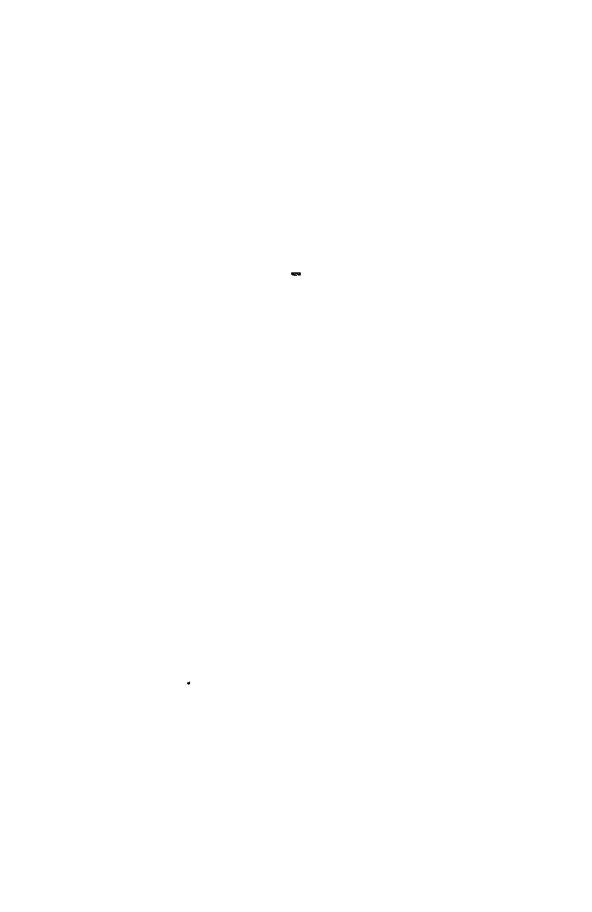


XIII .- Holdings, Cultivation and Demand in Fasli 1322 (1912-13).

	.8988	an is necessari			25.0	594	 22 23 24 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	7,370	
рпл. 1998г	of I	Total demana Revenue Ryoty Appearant	(15)	RB.	3,78,446 2,47,848 3,33,670 41,227	4,08,694 3,55,351	4,77,170	7,5	27,39,208
L Way	.d <b>Ка</b> ј	Oessee).	(14)	R.B.	28,891 18,366 23,878 2,875	31,635	34,712 35,409		2,01,011
-p	јешпи	Total ryotwar i	(13)	ъв.	3,49,555 2,28,982 3,09,792 38,352	3,77,059 3,30,106	4,42,458	7,370	25,38,197
.9.	циәлег	т вкоепинови Т	(12)	e e	25,310 15,082 81,474 4,033	24,316 46,566	1,42,507	7,370	4,03,688
cbarged.	Wet.	Assessment including second crop charge,	(11)	, S.	70,085 70,800 1,26,826 0,503	1,00,154	2,46,154		10,19,473
ng waste	<u> </u>	Extent.	(10)	ACS.	16,895 13,167 18,221 3,219	21,117	39,556 48,069		182,581
Caltivation inclading waste charged.	Dry.	Assessment including water-rate.	(6)	RS.	2,59,257 1,50,337 1,06,242 24,828	2,57,370 1,49,158	77,681	:	11,78,853
Caltry		Extent.	9	ACB.	255,864 161,738 71,903 20,937	139,903	31,000	ij	946,964
	Total.	Assess- ment.	(2)	38.	3,21,296 2,15,890 1,73,978 33,448	3,48,203 2,71,378	2,53,977 3,36,809	;	19,55,079
	To	Extent.	9	ACS.	272,459 171,005 90,180 24,156	192,370 162,244	70,747	;	1,130,494
'lotal holdings.	Wet.	Assess- ment.	(2)	ES.	66,105 69,091 1,00,487 8,847	95,944 1,27,726	2,29,566 9,37,322	;	888,85,6
Potal !	<u> </u>	Extent.	(7)	ACB,	17,095 18,167 18,277 3,219	21,193	39,747	:	183,530
	Dry.	Assuss- ment,	3	RS.	2,54,881 1,46,899 73,491 24.601	2,52,259	31,411 99,487	:	10,26,691
	7	Extent.	(S)	ACB.	255,364 161,738 71,903 20,937	139,903	31,000	:	796'976
		Taluks.	(1)	DINDIGUL DIVISION.	Diadigal Palin Nilakkottai Kodaikanal	Usilantarii Divisios. Trumangalam Pelijakulam Meleb Divisios.	Madura	Huzub Collections.	Total

XIV.—Revenue payable by permanently settled estates in fasli 1322 (1912-13).

1-						
Seria]	Taluks and estates.	Peishoush,	Landcese	Railway cess.	Miscellane- ous revenue.	Total,
(1)	(2)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	Dindigut Division.	Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	Re.	ns.
	Dindigul Taluk.		-	1	1	
1	Kannivadi	. 88,071	8,16-6	2,041	1,613	49,889
	Palni Taluk.	-				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2 3 4 5	Rettayambadi Ayyakkudi Velur Mambarai	. 16,784 10,565	2,269 1,012 1,206	5G7 478 301		14,768 19,174 12,072
6	Idayakottai	l π'οι.ο	438 2,002	110 500	***	2,048
	Total .	10 001	7,827	1,956		9,502
	Nılakottar Taluk.	'	7,027	1,000		57,564
7	Ammayansikanur	. 13,481	3,628	907	29	18,045
	USILAMPATTI DIVISION,				1	
	Tirumangalam Taluk.	1			i i	
8	Peraiyur	11,857	1, <b>C</b> 97	274:	994	14,162
19	Saptur		3,607	902	587	13,908
10 11	Sandayur		655	164	605	5,120
12	Elumalai	8,613	524	131	409	4.677
13	Uthappanaikanur	2,584 2,179	491	128	548	3,746
14	Doddappanaikanur M. Puliyankulam	1,932	491 196	128 49	894	3,187
15	Jotilanaikanur	1 1,040	106	27	203 262	2,880
16	Melakottai	912	105	26	178	1,465
17	Nadukottui	774	92	28	178	1,216 1,062
18	Keelakottui	480	111	28	154	778
	Total	37,909	7,475	1,870	4,442	51,696
	Periyakulam Taluk.					
19	Bodinayakkanur	18,850	5,090	1,272	1,062	י לפינט
20 21	Dombacheri	681	193	. 48	1,002	21,274 938
22	Bhutipuram	789	238	58	29	1,109
23	Theyaram	1,101	1,051	263	88	2,498
24	Erasakkanayakkanur Gandamanaikanur	2,061	1,298	324	140	8,823
25	Vallanadi Sub-Division	2,761 10,659	970	242	888	4,311
}	Total	31,896	4,049	1,012	613	16,827
	MELUR DIVISION.	01,000	12,884	9,219	2,276	50,275
	Madura Taluk.	<u> </u>	]			
26	Simpolei	055			-	
27	Velliakundam	877 2,173	198	50	48	1,178
	W-1-1	8,050	284	71	<u>- 58</u>	2,581
	Grand Total	1,72,188	482	121	101	8,754
		1,14,100	40,460	10,114	8,461	2,81,228



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တကကေလ 8 ž 37 80 .. 154Fash 1322. XV.—Demand, Collection and Balance of Current Land Revenue and Cesses (in thousands of rupees). Balange. 18 : 22 4-1000 81  $\mathfrak{E}$ Fasli 1821. . 27 : : H 8 13 93 8 Fash 1320. 804 804 853 853 459 301 450 413 **7** 2,852 Fasli 1322, 3 Collected or written off, 2,823 452 452 8 414 306 358 358 38 435 381  $\Theta$ .[28]i 182]. 425 307 41 41 459 409 466 471 5 2,428 3 Tash 1320. 432 356 41 41 457 406 497 493 7 3,006 Fashi 1322, 4 Demand. 418 307 361 41 445 391 467 470 3 2,903 8 Fash 1321, 472487 495 5 434 307 356 43 3,020 3 Feeli 1820, . . :::: : : : District Total : : . . . . USILAMPATTI DIVIBION, : : : DINDIGUL DIVISION. MELUR DIVISION. : : : : Ξ Huzur Collections ፤ : : : : Tirnmangalam Periyakulam ... Nilakottai Kodaikanal Dindigul Palni ... Madura Melur

NOTE,—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1919.

 $XVI.\!-\!Remissions$  (in thousands of rupees).

		Waste remitted.								Other seasonal remissions					
		W	et,			D	гу.		(excluding fixed remissions).						
Taloks.	Fasli 1320.	Fagli 1321.	Fasli 1322.	Total,	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1322.	Total.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1322.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)			
Dindigul Division.															
Dindigul Palni Nilakottai Kodaikanal	2	4	1  2	7  2 	100	111	***	111	2	7	2 	11 "i 			
USILAMPATTI Division.											,				
Tirumangalam Periyakulam	111	9					, .			10 8	1 2	11 7			
MELUR DIVISION.								}		1					
Madura Melur		8 16	1	9 17	111	} <b>.</b>	114	r I f	7	7 12	2 6	9 25			
District Total	2	37	5	44			1,1	141	11	40	18	64			

Note.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.





XVII.—Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans.

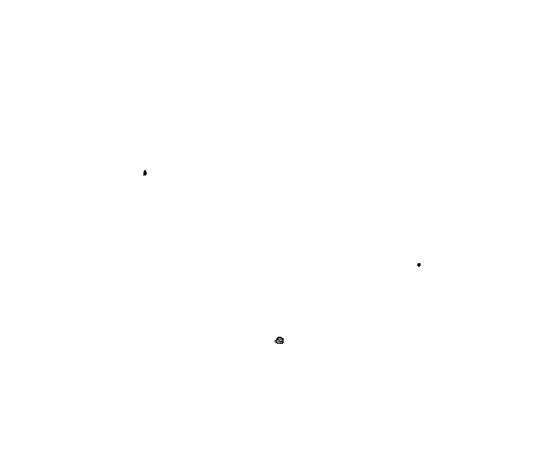
(In thousands of rupees.)

	un Impr Agr	ont adv der Lar ovemer ricultur	nd it and iets'	Total including	
Taluks.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1322.	balance at the beginning of fasli 132()	Total recovered.
(1)	(2)	(3)_	(4)	(5)	(0)
DINDIGUL DIVISION.					
Dîndigul Palni Nilakottai Kodaikanal	3  11 Nil	2 1 3 N1	4, 4, 6,	22 7 71 Nil	5 1 29 
UBILAMPATTI DIVISION.			1	_	
Tirumangalam Periyakulam	49 5	48 12	19 9	223 58	46 16
MELUR DIVISION.					
Madura Melur	31 20	16 40	80 26	182 169	98 58
District total	119	122	98	732	253

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in 1910.

XVIII.--Prices in seers per rupee.

					1318 1314 1315 1316 1317 1319 1320 1321
		Fasli,	(1)		111111111
	Dindig	.IndibniG	(2)		112 8 9 0 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8
Dinō	Dindigul Taluk,	Vedasandur.	(3)		12.3 7.99 7.44 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8
Dindigul Division.	Palni Taluk,	.inlo¶	( <del>‡</del> )		11.66 11.46.99.99.99.11 11.46.99.99.99.99.99.11
sion,	Nila- kottai Taluk.	Vīlalcottēni,	(9)	Rice	2011 4011 6011 8000 8000 4000 11
	Kodai- kanal Talnk.	Yodailtanel.	(9)	Rice (Second sort).	10 17 17 17 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
n	Tirumangalum Taluk,	Tirumangalam,	(3)	ort).	13:2 11:7-1 88:4:1 69:0 7-5:6 6:3
Vsilampatti Division.	ogalum 1k,	.ideqmaliaU	(8)		13:3 10:3 9:01 8:7 7:6 7:7 7:2 6:6
i Divisio	Periya Ta	Рогіувічівт.	(6)		133 105 903 877 889 890 777
η,	Periyakulam Taluk,	Uttamapalayam.	(10)		14:5 12:6 9:42 8:9 9:0 9:5 10:1 8:4
Melur Division	Madura Taluk.	M. actuba M.	(11)		211 118 40 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
)ivision.	Melur Taluk.	Melur.	(12		150 7.21 27.88 8.88 1.7.7 1.7.8 8.4.7.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1
		District everage.	(13)		13:1 11:2 11:2 8:68 8:2 8:3 8:3 90 7:7 68





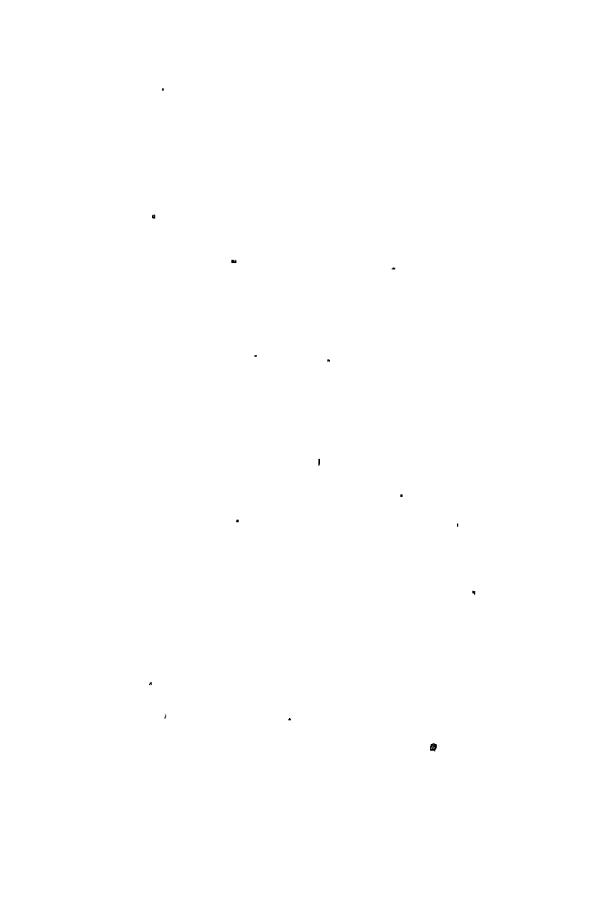
19 8     22.6     19.6       18.34     13.62     12.67       11.3     12.8     12.4       12.1     10.7     11.3       12.3     11.6     11.9        15.1     12.9        16.1     12.9        10.1     10.1       12.5     12.4     12.9       14.0     14.1     13.9       15.3     15.9     12.4       14.0     14.1     13.5       15.3     12.9     12.4       10.5     11.1     11.4       10.6     12.9     12.4       11.3     12.9     12.4       12.4     12.9     12.4       12.4     12.9     12.4       12.4     12.9     12.4       12.4     12.9     12.4       12.6     12.9     12.4       12.9     12.9     12.4       12.9     12.9     12.4       12.9     12.9     12.4       12.9     12.9     12.4       12.9     12.9     12.9       12.9     12.9     12.9       12.9     12.9     12.9       12.9     12.9     12.9       12.9     12.9	
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16.8 13.64 13.54 16.5 10.5 12.7 ... Melur Division Melar. Madnra Taluk. 23.7 17.0 12.17 12.8 12.1 12.1 12.1 10.9 Madura. 37.7 28.3 14.91 112.5 20.2 118.5 118.5 114.9 16.3 Prriyakulam Taluk. Utternspaleyam. Usilampatti Division, 833.1 255 0 116 04 119.8 117 8 113.3 111.0 6 Periyakulam, 255.7 233.7 115.19 115.1 115.7 113.9 113.4 Tiromangalam Taluk XVIII.—Prices in seers per rupee—cont. 8 .ittaqmalieU 24.7 21.5 13.06 13.6 12.6 13.4 15.0 11.9 Tirumangalam. Kodai-kanal Taluk. ම Kodaikanal. 30 8 22:3 15:17 16:5 16:5 16:0 16:0 13:6 12:8 Nila. kottai Taluk. 6 Vilalcottai. Dindigal Division. 243 111-89 111-6 112-1 112-4 112-8 10-3 Palai Talak. 3 Polat. 27.8 21.0 112.4 112.2 112.8 112.8 11.2 Dindigul Taluk, Vedasandur. 255 202 1202 1263 128 128 129 117 106 Dindigal. 3 111111111111 1111111111 Faeli.  $\Xi$ 11:11:11:11 1111111111 1313 1314 1315 1315 1316 1317 1319 1320 1321

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District average.

27.0 21.8 13.70 14.4 15.0 14.4 13.8 14.7 11.6





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	25.3	19.6	13.15	13.8	13.0	12.7	12.7	13.4	11.4	10.5		28.3	21.7	13.98	14.2	15.2	14.0	14.7	152	12.8	121		15.1	142	1605	17.9	21.0	212	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	
	31.3	24.5	, e.44	17.1	16.4	;	:	16.5	;	:		28.4	22.1	13.88	14.0	12.9	12.4	139	16.6	12-9	10.1		1.91	15.0	17.29	194	23 5	7.77 7.77	22 4	23 0	22.2	22-3	
	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	12.8	10.0	8.7		25.2	20.2	14.09	13.7	14.3	13.3	135	14.1	12.2	11.5		16.7	14.7	16.91	18.9	24.2	2.8.5	23-7	23 6	23 8	238	
	-		:	:	:	:	•	•	:	- :		93.6	25.6	1413	14.9	17.8	161	17.9	163	13.8	13 2		1.91	141	16-42	182	20.2	20.x	19.5	19.6	19.5	19.2	
	:		:	:	:	;	;	:	9.6	80 5		59.9	21.2	15.04	14.9	16.9	15.2	16.0	9.21	131	13.3		14.5	13.3	16 07	174	20.8 8.01	20:1	20-7	20.5	19.7	19:4	·   
	21.9	19.5	12-77	13.5	141	134	116	9.6	:	- 16		1 6.87	21.9	13.97	14.5	162	14.7	13.8	14.3	11.2	12:4		147	14.8	17.11	18.8	22.4	22.8	21.6	22.5	22.2	21.7	
	213	15.9	10-96	11:1	11.4	12.0	11:4	-	10.5	- 86		25.7	19.3	13 74	13.5	14.4	138	13-8	13.6	12.5	12.5		16.3	15.7	16-74	18.6	21:1	22.6	24.2	24.0	24.0	6-7-3	-
Cambu.	:	;	:	:		:	:	:	:	-	ags.	18.1	14.6	11.39	13.3	12:5	11.6	11:8	11.1	ф 9	က်	alt.	11.4	10.2	11.05	116	12.3	13.5	13.3	133	135	13·5	~~
ರ	:	-	:	:	_	-	:	:	-		R	59.b	_				_	_				νą	15.8	16.9	15.40	18-2	20 G	21.2	51.6	20 6	50.4	27.6	-    
	24.5	18.9	12 41	129	13.4	11.7	139	141	12.7	108		23.1	23-62	14 11	13.5	15.0	13.8	15.3	15.7	14.1	11.8		15.4	14.3	15.61	17.5	2)-7	21.0	21.2	2).0	20.7	21.0	-     
	29.3	20.4	13.41	13.8	14.9	12.9	13.8	14:3	13.3	128		33.0	9.4.6	98.∓1	15.1	15.7	14.2		15.7	150	135		14.5	13.9	15.86	18.9	52.6	22.2	23.3	24.8	24.0	240	-
	23.8	184	12 78	14.7	13.1	13.4	13.0	13.4	12.5	10.4		29.2	23.7	14.31	15.0	15.7	14.5	15.2	15.2	14.3	12.5		15.8	13.3	18.11	19.1	22.5	23.1	23.1	23.1	23.6	24.0	-
	_ :	;	:	:	:		:	:	 :	 :		-	:	;	;	-:	 :	:	:	:	- :		_ :		:	:	÷	;	:	 :	;	 :	-
	;	:		;	:	:	;	;	:	:		}	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		;	÷	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		;	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	
		•								•							•											•					
	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1322		1313	1314	1315 .	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1332		1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1323	
-		_			_		_	_	_	_			_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_					_			_		

XVIII.—Prices in seers per rupes—cont.

		Diahriot average.	[13]		1	7.91	19.52	22.1	4 25	6	: :	: ;	:
Melur Division.	Melur Taluk.	Meinr.	(11)			:	24.74	18.6	: 8	9	:		;
Melar I	Madura Taluk,	րլազուս	(11)		_	:	: ;	:	,	. :	:		;
g -	Periyakulam Taluk.	. անջեներութիչՄ	(10)		_	:	: :	25.6	52.0	; ;	:	;	:
i Divisior	Periye Tal	.աթլոյնչվութ.	(6)			: :	:		1 ;	:	;	;	;
Vallampatti Division	Tirumangalam Taluk.	.istanymafis	<u>(S)</u>		;	: :	17-19	:	:	:	:	:	 :
P	Tiruma	.மகிகதாகளாப்''	$\varepsilon$		;		;	:	: :	:	:	;	:
	Kodai- kanal Taluk,	.[вакапе].	(9)	Varagu.	;	i	:	:	: :	;		:	:
sion,	Nilai- kottai Taluk.	Vilakvettai,	(9)	Δ	:	•	16.64	: :	:	;	:	:	:
Dindigul Division,	Palni Taluk,	,inlsT	4		18.1	;	:	: ;	;	:	•	:	:
Dind	Dindigul Taluk,	.тиbпаадаг.	(3)		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	Dindiga	Dindigul.	(3)		;	:	:	ì :	:	:	:	: :	:
		-			:	:	•	: :	:	•		: :	
		Vasii,	(I)		:	:	: :		:	-			
					:	:	: :	:	:	: :		•	
					1313	1915	1316	1317	1318	1320	1321	1322	

XIX,—Income-tax.
(Part IV. "Other sources" only.)

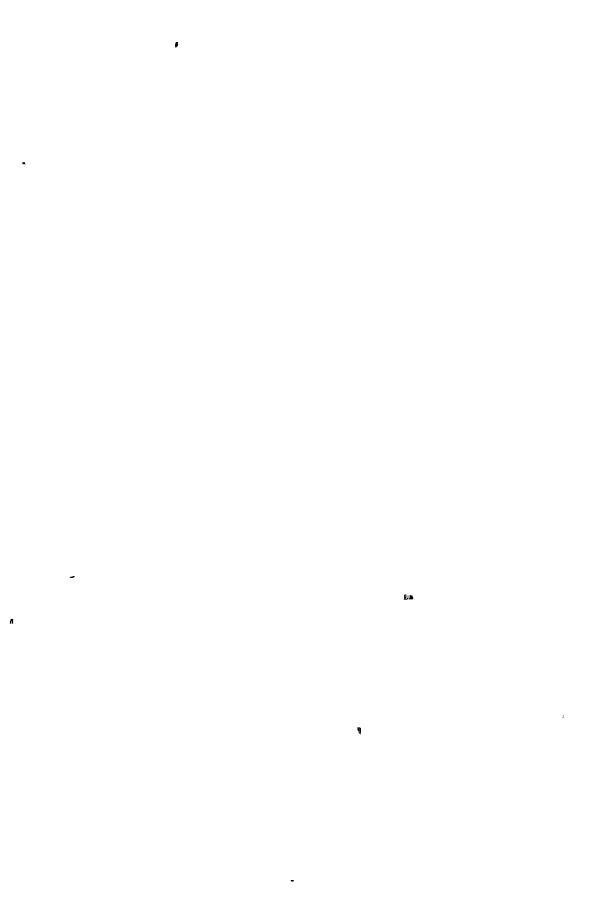
Objection petitions.	Percentage of parcessful.  Percessful.	(13)		20-5 43-1 64-3	15·3 14·7 19·4	12'5 9 3 55'5	44.4 57.1 87.5
9 8	Mamber.	(12)		45 42 C	39 61 68	16 32 42	97.0
Incidence of tax.	Per head of population.	(11)	PIES.	00 00 00 60 64 70	6.3 6.6 6.8	0 # 9 8 8 10	11.3 7.9 6.8
өлсө			P.	- 01 - 0 	11 6	00 01 01	7.7.04
ncid	289989898.	(10)	₩.	0 15	ចេច	0 11 0	5 v L
"	Per head of	_	BB.	4448	844 74	47 51 54	70 4 60 70 4 60
Total.	to tanomA		RB.	6,520 6,340 7,000	7,188 7,635 7,812	2,171 3,575 3,711	1,287 907 783
T <sub>0</sub>	Илтрег оf внесевесе,	(8)		148 151 162	155 161 165	47 70 68	20 20
Above Rs. 2,000.	to dumand	(£)	R8.	3,428 3,246 3,746	3,547 3,977 4,106	1,184 1,988 1,950	954 581 430
Al R.B.	Number of assesses.	(9)		41 45	38 37 37	10 14 15	മെയ
Rs. 1,500 to	to danumA	(5)	BS.	1,528	2,393 2,205 2,086	427 763 917	7.7 70 48
RB. 1	lo rodmu 1 assesses,	(4)		37 40 38	64 59 57	11 20 22	ଦୋନାରୀ
Rs. 1,000 to 1,500.	to drinomA	(3)	RB.	1,564 1,620 1,820	1,248 1,453 1,620	560 824 844	256 250 268
Ba. 1	то тэйшиИ вавеваева,	(2)		70 71 79	53 65 71	26 38 30	12 13
	Toluks.	(1)	DINDIGUL DIVISION.	1910–1911 { 1911–1912   1912–1913	(1910–1911 {1911–1912 1912–1913	$\begin{bmatrix} 1910-1911 \\ 1911-1912 \\ 1912-1913 \end{bmatrix}$	(1910–1911 (1911–1912 (1912–1913
	Ţ		DINDIG	Dindigul	Palni	Nilakottai	Kodaikanal

XIX.—Income-tax—cont.

(Part IV. "Other sources" only)—sont.

	Rs.	Rs. 1,000 to 1,500.	BB. 1	Be. 1,500 to	Ał Ka. Ś	Above Rs. 2,000.	Ĕ —	Total.	Incider	Incidence of tax.		Objection petitions.
Taluk9.	Number of	to dinoma.	Титрет об пваоваева.	lo tanomA	Митрот оf аввевеев,	lo tunomA	Tamber of	lo tunoniA	Реу head of	To beed required.	Zag(mny)	Percentage of these wholly to partially or partially
(1)	<u> </u>	 (6) 	(4)	(5)	(9)	£	Ē	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
USITAMPATTI DIVISION		BE.		RS.		BS.			RS. 4. 1	P. AS. PIRE	38	
Tiruman- (1910-1911   Salam. (1912-1913	11 53 12 58 13 50	1,220	29 3.4 2.8	1,134 1,281 1,211	67 72 68	8,017 9,058 9,171	149 164 150	10,371 11,693 11,650	69 9 8 71 4 9 9 77 10 8	8 0 64 9 0 7·2 8 0 7·2	4 2 3 3 5 4 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8	28 2 44-8 293
(19:0-191)   Peliyakulam.   1911-1912   1912-1913	1.1 77 (1.2 S.4 5.4 5.7 5.4 5.7 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1	1,748	40 43 52	1,329 1,610 1.859	61 60 58	8,226 8,001 8,595	178 186 187	11,803	68 8 0 61 13 . 65 3 10	0 60	9 73 0 193 4 35	23.2 191 414
MELCR DIVISION				_								
(1910-191) Madura   1911-1912 (1912-1913	11 167 12   226 18 159	3,812 5,208 3,652	117 143 136	4,729 5,730 5,849	232 265 291	36,573 40,992 45,638	516 634 586	45.114 51,930 54,629	87 6 11 81 14 6 93 3 6	3 1.8	8   160 8   220 7   191	35 25-9 48 1
Melur { 1910–1911 Melur { 1911–1913 (1912–1913	(1) 37 (2) 82 (3) 40	868 768 888	16 32 24	623 1,033 924	31 29 31	3,119 3,004 3,813	84 93	4,610 4,865 5,185	54 14 1 52 4 11 54 9 3	0 54	31 31	10 21·0
(1910-1911 District Total   1913-1912 (1912-1913	11 495 12 584 13 519	11,276 13,373 12,106	316 372 364	, 2,240 14,166 13,854	489 523 550	65,048 70,907 77,009	1,300 1,±79 1,133	88,564 98,446 102,969	68 2 0 66 9 0 71 13 8	0 0.0	381 10 615 10 447	22.4 28.0 46.3

Norg.-The terraconal limits of the diskrict were revised in 1910. Honce figures have been given for three years only.



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XX.--Abkāri and Opium.

	ı	1910-11	1911-13.	1912-13
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)
Country Spirits.				, , 
Number of retail shops licensed Issues in imperial proof gallons Number of persons por retail shop Gross receipts from duty Do. rentals	Rs.	271 58,058 7,132 3,29,380 1,28,298	266 63,927 7,266 4,02,193 1,49,488	265 64.507 7,294 4,06,072 1,65,322
${\it Toddy.}$				 
Number of retail shops licensed Number of persons per shop Gross receipts from tree-tax Do. rentals	Rs.	320 6,040 1,41,288 2,76,731	320 6,040 1,49,949 3,30,357	304 6,358 1,57,213 3,39,438
Ganja, Bhang.				
Number of retail shops licensed Quantity sold in seers Number of persons per shop Gross receipts from duty Do. rentals	 Rs.	23 -1,736 84,080 19,528 25,0 <b>6</b> 2	22 5,145 87,856 31,189 26,768	22 5,132 87,856 31,867 27,021
Opium.				
Number of retail shops licensed Quantity sold in seers Number of persons per shop Gross receipts from duty Do. rentals	Rs.	11 489 175,698 10,497 11,330	11 544 175,712 11,000 13,616	11 549 175,712 18,810 15,880

NOTE.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in October 1919

XXI.--Revenue Receipts.

						1910-11.	1911–12.	1912-13,
·		(1)				(2)	(3)	(4)
						Rs.	RS,	Rg.
Land Revenu	е		.,			29,09,725	26,43,954	26,75,292
Stamps		- •				8,92,841	8,60,807	8,29,011
Excise						9,38,923	11,10,341	11,46,149
Income-tax, i	nolu	ding pe	naltie	9 .		1,17,845	1,27,163	1,43,411
Foreste						2,42,165	2,53,393	1,02,561
Registration				-		2,43,937	2,63,571	2,70,825
Opium					•••	21,827	24,625	29,190
Salt						3,827	3,701	3,738
Customs	••		-,					,

Note.—(1) The figures under Forests are for fash years.
(2) The figures under Registration are for calendar years and relate to the registration district of Madura.
(3) The figures under salt are for Trichinopoly Sub-Division.
(4) The territorial limits of the district were revised in Outober 1010. Hence gures have been furnished for three years only.

36
XXIII.—Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13.

	District	Ta	luk Boar unions	ds includi in them.	ing	
	Board.	Madura.	Melur.	Usilam- parti	Dindi- gal.	Total,
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
REVENUE AND RECEIPTS,	R.s.	ns.	Rs.	Rs.	πε,	ns.
Land Revenue.				1	}	
House tax Rents, etc., of figheries Mizoellaneous	3	2,475 14,727	8,951 5,003	26,446 6,888	10,588 5,186	43,455 81,754 8
Local Rates.						
Cess on land , Railway cess	98,859 52,497	15,352	13,164 	33,383	30,960	197,718 52,497
Interest.						
On Government secu- rities, etc.	11,149	27	11	322	40	11,549
Law and Justice— Courts of Law,						
Fines under Police and other Acts.	39	202	145	1,538	1 <b>,6</b> 81	3,605
Education.						
School fees Contributions Other receipts	1,329 2	81 5,678	333 2,747	1,745 8,860	1,289 9,963 2	3,448 28,077 4
Medical						
Hospital receipts Contributions Other receipts	649 361	 18 17	 899 177	1,539 1,113	 <b>6</b> 92 199	3,297 1,860
Minor Departments.		}				
Vetericary, etc., receipts.	840					840
Miscellaneous.						
Choultry receipts Market and shughter-	4,840	 368	2·14 5,3·15	1,679 16,410	249 25,400	7,012 47,529
house receipts. Contributions Other receipts	4,624 4,078	282	2,221 87	2,395 798	1,829	9,240 7,069
R <b>a</b> ilways.						
Net receipts					. ]	



37

XXIII.—Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13-cont.

	District	To		ds includi in thom.	nįg	Total,
	Board,	Madura,	Melur,	Usilam- parti,	Dindi- gul,	TOTAL,
(1)	(2)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(0)	(7)
REVENUE AND RECEIPTS—cont.	RB.	us,	RS.	RH,	un.	RS.
Civil Works.				i		:
Ferry receipts Tolls	2,71 <b>5</b> 1,05,861					2,715 1,05,861
Contributions.						
Contribution from Gov-	76,600	6,785	8,000	14,000	12,584	1,16,969
Other contributions Debt, deposit and advances.	8,28 <b>3</b> 70,103	2,271 14,796	2,364 4,1 <b>7</b> 6	8,503 10,422	4,123 16,670	20,544 1,16,136
Total Receipts .	4,42,880	62,079	48,867	1,80,541	1,27,309	8,11,178
Expenditure.						
Refunds,				1		[
Lard Rovenne and Local Rates			5	2		7
Interest.					l i	
On loans, etc			••			149
General adminis- tration.						
General establishment of local funds,	4,952	1,178	1,505	5,176	3,454	16,955
Other expenditure	4,765	ຄວ	170	598	789	Յ,418
Education,						.
Secondary schools Elementary schools Other schools Other expenditure  Medical	2,295 034	8,478 	6,541	17,508	19,438	47,055 2,295 634
Hospitals and dispen-	5, 180		3,051	12,188	15,725	36,397
Vaccination Sanitation Plague Other opidemics	5,893  8,606	627  46	2,388 80	16,798	7,883	5,803 2 <b>7</b> ,689 3,666 439
Other expenditure	4,471					4,971

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XXIII.—Income and Expenditure of Local Boards in 1912-13-cont.

	District	Tal	nk Board unions i	s includir n them.	g	Т-1-1
	Board.	Madura.	Mølur.	Пsilam- patti.	Dindı- gul	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Expenditure—cont.	RS,	Ra,	Rs.	RS.	Rs.	RB,
Minor Departments.	'					
Public exhibition and fairs. Vetorinary and other charges.	 2,185					 2,185
Superannuation, etc.						
Pensions, gratuities, etc.	4,487	51	51	89	328	5,006
Stationery and Printing	,					
Stationery supplied from Central stores. Printing work at Gov- ernment and private presses.	 351	43	 142	 776	282	l 504
Miscellaneous.						
Markets and slaughtor		;	176	1,035	680	1,891
houses. Ohoultries Lighting Other expenditure	3,691  945	 310 78	1,879 762 212	3,269 3,270 184	169 1,478 117	9,008 5,820 1,516
Railways,						.,
Construction of Railways. Other expenditure	2,926		111		"	2,926
Civil Works.		[				
Civil Buildings Communications Sanitary works and other works of public im-	11, <b>13</b> 1 1,31,312 3,547	1,405   28,532   4,861	4,839 27,987 6,520	7,540 38,621 12,301	8,760 60,514 12,421	33,665 2,50,066 39,660
provements, Establishment, tools and plant.	18,178	4,333	4,790	7,275	10,171	44,747
Contributions Other expenditure Debt, deposit and advances.	28,708 169 1,10,933	15,391	111 3,774	854 8,102	445 1 <b>6,</b> 093	23,708 1,079 1,54,293
Total Expenditure	3,46,169	60,423	<b>64</b> ,136	1,85,194	1,59,051	7,64,979

		,	
		•	



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XXIV.—Income and Expenditure of Municipalities in 1912-13.

	Madura,	Dindigul,	Palni.	Kodaika- nal.	Periya- kulam.
(1)	(2)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	ns.	BB.	RS.	ns.	ns.
Opening balance	1,23,974	20,303	3,650	9,612	3,608
RECEIPTS.					
Tax on buildings and lands Water and drainage tax on buildings and lands	1,17 557 71,130	13,586 6,856	8,120 	6,135 5 918	6,981 5,608
Tax on vehicles with springs, animals and carts	20,876	4,320	2,210	861	2,790
Tax on arts	20`224 32,297 	1,951 12,001 	1,180 8,000 	678 1,025 3,014	1,003 7,592 
Realizations under special Acts Rent of huds, buildings, ctc., and sale-proceeds of lands, ctc.	1 <b>68</b> 20,706	3,150		13 409	53 526
Consorvancy receipts	23,125	452	330	4	953
Fees and Revenue from—		I			
Educational Institutions  Medical Institutions  Markets and slaughter-houses  License fees  Other fees  Fines under Minicipal and other Acts. Interest on investments and promium on loans.	439 583 23,451 18,891 498 10,308 4,084	6,724 81 8,348 968 41 332 87	190 70 790 800 50 50	560 1,094 347 20 642 200	 68 1,405 522 260 727
Grants and contributions from-					
Government	1,57,587 5,200	17,871 2,000	25,920 1,000	4.108	9,809 750
Other sources Recoveries for services rendered to private individuals.	700 19,804	2,747	1,830	118	1,598
Miscellaneous Sale-proceeds of Government securities and realizations of Sinking Fund.	1,206 1,101	109 5,000	1,160	9	3,324
Loens	11,384	5,180		4,200 11	3,910
Total Receipts	5,61,119	91,904	51,950	90,886	47,968
Total including balance	6,85,093	1,12,207	55,600	40,498	51,576

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XXIV.—Income and Expenditure of Municipalities in 1912-13—cont.

	Madura,	Dindigul.	Palni,	Kodaika- nal.	Periya- kulam.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	<b>(6)</b>
Expenditure.	RS.	rs.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.
GRANT 1—					
Communications Buildings	40,943 9,969 12,120 6,907 29,127 12,254 739 550	5,098 18,406 978 2,165 2,429 4,151 197 200	10,240 2,070  130 460 30	3,524 801 3,695 264 116 546 62	3,776 849 1,146 110 5,502 276 19
GRANT 2-					
Education	14,168	8,889	2,930	234	1,500
Grant 3—					
Hospitals and Dispensaries  Vaccination  Registration of births and deaths  Conservancy, road cleaning and road watering.	31,148 1,048 1,111 99,042	6,636 215 841 14,512	3,730 210 140 8,780	2,608 97 30 3,362	3,871 198 167 7,958
Contributions	2,361 7,500	81 420	40 2,900	47 6	58 6
GRANT 4-					
Lighting Markets and Slaughter-houses Choultries and Travellers Burga- lows Avenues	14,894 756 2,823	2,985 88 7 411	2,000 230 	657 188 	1,887 105 19 26
Public garden, survey of land, fire, pounds and other charges.	8,262	1,790	1,280	-137	1,983
Grant 5					
Supervision and management Repayment of debt Interest on debt Discount on investment	21,227 18,090 7,675	5,582 1,861 1,806 151	1,560 	2,227 2,032 1,924	2,841 2,113 3,601
Advances Refunds Investments	74,054 1,277 28,050	2,397 37	40	1,327	640 48
Total Expenditure	4,41,260	75,778	86,830	24,280	37,229
Closing balanco	2,43,833	36,429	18,770	16,218	14,347
Total including balance	6,85,093	1,12,207	55,600	40,49B	51,576





XXV. Education in 1911.

Taluks.		ber of ates.	Literat thous: popul	ındof		ites in dish.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females	Males	Females
(i)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Dinnigut, Diviston  Dindigul Palni Nilakottvi Kodaskanal	25,125 16,397 1 13 128 1 2,021	1,060 835 605 239	135 154 135 150	5 7 6 22	1,196 285 538 275	55 30 23 98
USILAMPATTI DIVISION. Tirumangalam Periyakulam	21,877 29,812	569 1,384	142 167	4 <sub>0</sub> 7	477 1,125	23 42 (
Madura Melur Division.	98,247 18,531	3,745 358	294 164	28 4	5,kg0 205	618 11
District Total  Hindus  Musalmans  Christians  Others	160,138 189,753 12,791 7,585 9	5,828 397 2,570	169 159 308 254 818	9 6 10 84	7,721 439 1,859	895 78 11 806

42 XXVI.—Schools and scholars on the 31st March 1913.

	N	umb	er of	inst	itutio	n <b>s.</b>		Number o	of schole	ra.
Class of institutions.	Government,	Мпрэсіра І.	Local Fund.	Native States.	Arded.	Unaided.	Total,	Males.	Females.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Public.										
Arts Colleges Professional					2		2	230		230
Colleges— Secondary schools for boys  (a) Secondary		1			12		13	5,311	11	5,322
schools for girls (Higher Elemen-		,			1		1	1	1,63	154
tary schools for boys Higher Elemen-		1	1		4		6	912	40	958
tary schools for girls	2	•••			6		8	25	1,220	1,245
(c) tary schools for boys Lower Elemen-	1	10	183		445	1.12	781	86,028	1,838	37,861
tary schools for girls		1	7		30	4.	42	92	2,654	2,746
masters Training schools for	1		2		1	••	4	217		217
mistresses Other special		.,,		•	1	•••	1	•••	31	31
Bohoola	2	1			3	3	8	261	38	299
Total	G	13	193		505	149	866	43,072	5,991	49,063
PRIVATE.										
Advanced Elementary		 		<u>.</u>	.: .:		14 198	162 4,740	24 578	186 5,318
Total	,,,		,			,	212	4,902	602	5,504
Grand Total	6	13	193		505	149	1,078	47,974	6,593	54,567

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes European High and Middle schools.

(b) Relates to Elementary schools with standards above the fourth.

(c) Relates to Elementary schools with standards up to and including the fourth and Elementary schools with standard below the fourth and Elementary schools



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вв. 15,199 expendi-|expendi-2,382 847 18,428875 6,860 7.927 ture. Technical and (15)Industrial schools. 22,0843,069 3,037 Total 28,190 (14) ture RS. : . ; ; ; expendi- expendi-Training schools. 10,383 2,238 15,4722,851 11,501 16 ture, (13)RS. 10,399 £,238 14,400 ture. 27,037 Total (12)٠ : · : : expendi- expendi-7,849 41,488 616 156 ES. 979 42,899 8,703 39,567 **5,5**10 835 35,737 98,493 Lower Elemen- $\Xi$ ture. tary schools XXVII.—Expenditure on Schools in 1912--13. RE. 1,067 45,834 9,163 9,06,158 110,562 Total 1,84,341ture, (19) i ÷ : : expendias. 3,603 564 1,084 12,907 18,158 2,445 2,270 Higher Elemen. ture, 6) : ; tary schools expend: Bs. 3,803 1,014 1,438 S,449 24,704 Total ture. ; 8 : : : : : Net ex-pendi-ture. 90,899 627 2,676 1,320 29,444 62,580 29,384 1,40,846 24,800 62,580 29,384 1,49,163 25,495 Secondary schools.  $\mathbf{\epsilon}$ 88 Total expen-diture. 1,944 9 BB, : ; : : : : Net ex-pendi-14,380 6,908 1,824 荔 전 전 <u>@</u> ÷ : Colleges. Total expen-diture. € BB, 9,162 1,11,891 6,357 2,155 30,164 45,701 10,294 1,53,540 2,05,430 92,993 1,327 5,531 6,900 Expenditure on all classes of Net 3 schools. 16,974 3,45,502 13,599 13,501 BS. 37,353 49,086 District Total, 4,76,015 Total. <u>(</u>2) : : ፥ : : Municipal funds. School fees ... Subscriptions ... : : : working out Receipts (taken in abatement of charges in net expendi-Provincial funds. tare) from— Nature of Осьег вописев Endowments schools. Government Local Board Local fands Unsided . . Private ...  $\Xi$ Municipal Aided

XXVIII.—Hospitals and Dispensaries in 1912,

bate t bae t	Average daily attendance.	Chil. Total, Men. Women. Chil. Total, Sale of Frances.	(8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13)	E60 L 64.TE T4.4 69 8 96-81	11:24 5:58 9.06 26:48 5:061 1,594	0.59 24:99 10.59 12.76 48:28 8.602	15.06 16.50 57.54 8,403	6.19 8.58 28.23 4,150	0.27 2.13 72.73 20.01 31 41 124.15 16,513	51.66 45.12 90.78 17,037		13.05 7.83 8.50 29.68 6,384	2.54 14.90 $4.55$ $6.45$ $25.90$ $5,242$	104.27 49.58 45.07 198.92 33,367	83 76 24 31 28 67 136 74 22,747		10.00 TO 10.00 TO 10.00	0.00 F.02 F.0.2 F.0.00 F.0.00 F.0.00 P.0.00 P.0.00		3.30 26.56 6732, 2.70 3.20 73.22 1.,577 11,219	
In-patients.	Daily average number treated.	Меп. Women.	(5) (6)			0.36   0.23	:		1.67 0.19				1.75 0.54	7.41 31.22	:		OG!	07.5	,	20 14 3.12	
	Number of beds available for	Wошеп.	(4)		:	1 1	· ·	;	::			;	C)	20	:		5			:	_
DVGTR- Local naiot- ste.	ta, nd, M. or Prive	Wheth pal pal	(2) (3)	Local Fund	Do,	Do.	Do		Municipal.	Do.	1	Local Fand.	Ĭ	Do.		Do	Duroto		_	Do. 28	
	Name of hospital or dispensary.		(1)	A langana]]oor	Andipatri	Bodinayakanur	Batlagundu	Chathrapatti	Dindigni	Po (Women and	Children's Dispensary).	hannivadi	Kodaikanal	Madura	Madura Branch 7	Do. (Women and	Children's Dispensary).	sion Hospital for	women and children).	Madura American Mis-	Sind Hospital.





2,093 3,334 3,264 1,185 1,545 1,825 1,963 3,717 1,816	1,51,406
1,594 11,250 17,515 5,682 10,378 1,403 13,230 8,712 15,251 5,255 5,255	285,621
37.28 75.00 120.93 32.61 47.41 8.05 8.05 82.18 82.18 82.18	1,598 55
111.40 21.51 27.01 12.10 1.25 1.25 1.3 78 1.3 78 25.70 7.96	427-80
7.53 16.75 27.43 7.58 11.32 1.98 16.50 16.50	40P ĽK
18-35 40 77 66 45 16 74 1-82 30-97 19-72 11: 71	762.19
6.99 5.96 5.96 7.42 4.24 4.24	175-58
0.05 0.03 0.05	17.89
1.92 1.92   0.89 1.31	40.47
5.61 4.73 2.98 2.57	22.411
्र <u>;</u> ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	77
4 00 VI 44	109
Dc. Ni unicipal. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	Jistrici Total
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Dist
Nilakkottai Palni Periyakulam Saptur Solavandan Thandikuly Trumangalam Usilampatti Titamapalayam Titamapalayam	·

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### XXIX .- Vaccination.

Taluks and		r of perso ully vacci		rate	istered per 1,0 pulation	number of ful cases in the cases in the cases in the case in the c	
Municipalities.	1910~11.	1911–12,	1912–13.	<b>191</b> 0.	1911.	1912.	Average n successification of vaca children one year the thr
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Madura rango Dindigul do Periyokulam range. Municipalities.	8,244 11,822 11,381	9,419 11,981 12,888	11,899 10,749 15,410		iformat t a vaila		5,572 7,117 8,534
Madura Dindigul Palui Poriyakulam	8,483 1,028 366 793	9,570 1,046 879 769	7,999 1,083 630 793	38 46 31 50	36 42 28 43	38 49 54 42	4,894 783 375 634
Kodaikanal	118	181	91	62	41	33	81
District Total.	42,230	46,183	48,654	29	30	28	27,990

Note,—Information has not been furnished (alukwar as this is a trial scheme area and the vaccinators have jurisdiction in two taluks.

XXX,--Civil Justice.

## (Average of the statistics for the ten years 1908-12.)

Class of Court.	Number of all original suits disposed of.	Average value of suits of which value was estimable in money.	Number of appealable decrees passed in disposed of cases.	Appeals preferred.	Appeals decided.	Decisions confirmed	Percentage of decisions confirmed to total disposals.
(7)	(2)	(8)	(4)	(ã) l	(6)	(7)	(8)
Village Courts	14,958 1,444 2,577 69	ns. 43 73 1,316 12,110 48,639	5,027 519 1,706 38	37 119 257 1	37 119 238 8 2	27 105 146 6	73 88 61 75

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XXXI.—Criminal Justice.

(Number of persons convicted of certain offences in each of the three years 1910-12).

Offence.			1910.	1911.	1912.
Murder Culpable homicide Hurts and assaults Other offences against the person Dacoity Robbery House-breaking Other theft Other offences against property			9 7 363 71 14 9 81 166 294 182	12 1 312 156 6 11 51 131 268 174	6 3 381 56 7 14 91 158 328 130
Offences against public tranquility VIII) Other offences against the Penal Code	_	Ler 	289 1,826 3,251	175 1,804 3,101	202 654 2,080
Security for keeping the peace and behaviour Offences under Madras Salt Act (IV of Offences under Madras Forest Act (V of Offences under Abkäri Act (I of 1886) Offences under Madras District Mun	1889) 1882)		120 3 357 67	120  598 68	165  565 121
Act (IV of 1884) Other offences against Special and Local		}	1,811 10,677 15,696	1,428 10,882 15,692	2,239 11,593 16,713

Norp.—The territorial limits of the district were revised in October 1919.

## XXXII.-Work of Criminal Courts.

(Average of the statistics for the ten years 1903-12),

Class of Courts.	Number of original cases instituted.	Number of appeals received.	
(1)		(2)	(3)
Village Magistratos Bench do Special do. Stipendiary subordinate Magistrates Deputy, Assistant and Joint Magistrates District Magistrate Court of Session		 7,96 <b>0</b> 211 7,704 587 106 101	   688 896 74

XXXIII.—Police and Jails in 1912.

	(	mber of ico		Police force.					depre-	ils.	tion 1n
Taluks.	Stations.	Out-pests.	Inspectrs.	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables	Constables	Police Talayaries	Revenue Tal aya-	Number of known dators.	Number of Sub-Jails,	Total accommodation
(1)	(2)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Mačura Town	3	2	1	4	28	141			123	,	,
Dindigul Division.							ļ	ļ	ļ		
Dindigul Palni Nilakottai Kodaikanal	3 10 3 8	1	1 1 ""	4 7 5 2	12 14 9 5	72 94 53 26	5 5 5	*135 *135	*113 88 *113 2	1 2 1 1	34 44 14 8
Usilampatti Division.			,								
Tirumangalam Periyakulam	8	.,,	1 2	8 4	15 7	99 <b>5</b> 0	8 4	286 101	3 <b>5</b> 5 164	2 2	32 42
Menur Division.					<b>[</b> [		,   				
Madura Melur	8	1	1	6 4	11 9	73 50	8	95 150	40 ((0	 1	24
Total	46	6	8	41	105	664	35	717	945	10	198

<sup>\*</sup> Figures for Dindigul and Nilakottai taluks are not separately available.



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# SUPPLEMENT TO THE "A" VOLUME OF THE MADURA DISTRICT GAZETTEER.

#### CHAPTER III.

Page 111.—Add at the end of the page :—"The Sourashtras Principal have also started a separate club to provide them not only with recreation but also to give them scope for the cultivation of a healthy spirit of co-operation and union. In 1908 some rich and educated members of the community joined together and by raising subscriptions among themselves erected the present fine building which occupies a fine situation on the south-east corner of the Big Teppakulam commanding a beautiful view of the tank and the contral island with its picturesque grove. The club is now in a very flourishing condition with a membership of 110 and has two billiard tables and two tennis courts and a reading room. The club is open however, to all communities alike irrespective of caste, creed or colour and there are a good number of non-sourashtra members."

## Chapter IV.

Page 119.—Insert at the end of paragraph 1:-" There is a Cotton. noteworthy increase in the cultivation of cotton, the district total having risen from 6.6 in 1903-04 to 9.2 in 1912-13. The reason is certainly due to the introduction of the "Combodia" or American cotton. Combodia cotton was not introduced in the southern districts or at any rate it did not attain popularity among the people before the year 1903 or 1904. People saw that there was profit in the cultivation of this kind of cotton and they readily accepted it. The consequence is that its rapid extension in so short a period is very marked."

Page 125.—Insert before paragraph 7:—"The Berijam project was completed at a cost of Rs. 1,18,000. The advantage gained by Periyakulam municipality from the supply of pure water from the Berijam project is referred to in the notes on chapter XIV.

Page 126.—Add at the end of paragraph 1.—"The Suruliar Tanks and channels and the Tenkarai channels with the tanks supplied by channels, them are now classed as Periyar works and included in the Periyar system."

Page 130.—Insert before paragraph 1.—"In 1910 the Periyar water-shed cutting was widened and deepened and the width of project. the cutting now ranges from 26 to 34 feet and the level of the highest point of its bed has been lowered from 115 to 110 feet,

making it possible to draw off 5 feet more water than before. The real difficulty for generating electricity is that in many years the supply is insufficient to permit of water being passed down all the year and unless a constant minimum supply can be guaranteed, works for the generation of power cannot be installed, the capital expenditure required being very great. To get over the difficulty, it is now proposed to form another reservoir in the Cardamom Hills, west of Uthamapalayam by damming up the Kallar river. The water from this reservoir would be diverted to the Suruliar river by a tunnel through the water-shed as was done in the case of the Periyar and would be used to supplement the water from the Periyar reservoir so that sufficient quantity could be reserved to permit of the minimum daily quantity required being passed out during the closure months. The project is now being investigated. The Kallar river and proposed reservoir is in Travancore territory."

Peranai regulator. The shutter gearings of the Peranai regulator which were not working properly are now being completely replaced by gearings of a more modern type at a cost of Rs. 62,000.

Main canal. The carrying capacity of the canal at its head is not 2,016 cusecs but about 1,450 cusecs.

Capital cost.

The capital cost of the system up to the ond of 1913-14 was Rs. 1,05,70,165 and the total estimated capital cost is now reckened to be Rs. 1,06,48,949.

Area commanded.

It is difficult to say what exactly is the cultivable area commanded as in theory the whole country to the Bay of Bengal is commanded if there were enough water. The area irrigable under the present system without any new channels or any extensions of channels is about 143,000 acros. This area includes all irrigable wastes and porambokes and does not include any area in Sivaganga zamindari though a certain area in that zamindari is now supplied in almost every year.

Single and double crop areas.

With the idea of economizing water the area under the main canal was divided into a single and double crop area in 1909 and from that year water has been supplied to the latter for two crops and to the former for only one crop. The double crop area comprises the first nine branch channels and its irrigable extent is 75,426 acres. The irrigable area in the single crop area is 55,323 acres. Proposals for reducing the double crop area by cutting out some of the outlying portions which are difficult to supply are now before Government.

Prospects of extension and of cultivation, The project has almost reached its limit and very little expansion in the area irrigated is possible with the present supply available. A certain amount of extension is possible in the double crop area largely by lands not yet reclaimed and which lie amongst the existing wet lands being reclaimed and brought under cultivation. The conversion of new lands to wet in the single crop area has been already forbidden.

Some of the difficulties enumerated have disappeared but some still remain. The supply of labour and cattle is still inadequate. Many of the ryots grow only one crop where two might be grown. This is in a measure due to the fact that much of the land is not fit for two crops every year though it might possibly be rendered fit if it were properly manured and more skilfully cultivated. It is also due to a certain extent to much of the land being owned by non-residents who purchased it either as a speculation or as in investment. Many of these owners are very ignorant of agriculture. They mostly live in Madura town but some of them live in other districts and as a rule they see their lands only very occasionally. They do their cultivation either by employing a few coolies, as few as possible, or by leasing the land on the share system to so-called Many of these tenants have lands of their own and these naturally receive their first attention. Some of the absentee owners have imported cultivators from other districts settling them in small hamlets on their lands. A great mistake was made in not confining the sales of Government waste lands to genuine resident ryots. Had this been done, the lands would be much botter cultivated than they are now. Manure is still a difficulty but the ryots are now beginning to grow green manure on their fields after the crop is harvested and when this practice becomes general as it may, the manure difficulty should disappear. There are now plenty cross-roads and nothing more seems to be required than improvements to village cart tracks. No drains seem to be required and very little by way of extending or improving the existing irrigation channels. During the past five or six years the channels have been much improved especially the smaller branches and the improvements will continue till they are all in good order. The main canal and main branches are all in good order and practically all the sluices in the system are provided with shutters under lock and key.

The work of lowering the right bank escape by 8 feet and erecting across it a regulator with ten shutters each 36 feet long by 16 feet high was completed in 1907 and the full supply in the lake was then raised from level 146 to level 152 giving an increase of 2,361 millions of cubic feet in the storage capacity. The only proposal at present contemplated for increasing the water supply to the Periyar lake is to form another reservoir by damming the Pambayar, a river lying to the west of the Periyar in thick ever-green jungle. The catchment area has been surveyed and dam site tentatively selected. A gauging weir was erected across the river in 1910 and the river-flow and rainfall is regularly gauged throughout the year. The gaugings are to continue till 1917-18. The proposal is as yet very much The idea is to direct the water from the proposed a proposal. reservoir into the Periyar lake and to use the water from both reservoirs for irrigation in Madura. The project involves the

building of two dams and a great deal of tunnelling and probably the widening of the Periyar tunnel. It is likely to be very costly and it is doubtful if it will ever come to anything though the supply available is undoubtedly good."

Page 130.—Add at the end of paragraph 1:--" The appeal made to the High Court by Mr. Robert Fischer and others in the Peranai dam suit was dismissed and an appeal made to the Privy Council is now pending."

Page 131, line 7.—" The average area cultivated was in the quinquennium ending 1910-11, 29.6 per cent. larger and the assessment 36.8 per cent. than the corresponding figures of the quinquennium ending 1875-76."

Page 131.—Insert at the end as a fresh paragraph:—"A number of co-operative credit societies have come into existence since 1906-07. The number rose to 31 in 1910-11 and to 54 in 1912–13 besides eleven other societics that were formed after the close of that year. To quote the words of the Special Settlement officer from the draft scheme report 'The Co-operative movement has evidently taken strong root in this district.' In the Tirumangalam taluk attempt has been made to reclaim the criminal kallars by this means. As the movement gathers strength it is bound to do much to ameliorate the lot of the rural farmer. The kallan tracts in the north of Melur are still the most backward parts of the district. Wells have been sunk in the kallar villages of Tirumangalam but there is no great increase in the number of wells in Melur."

# CHAPTER V.

#### Forests.

Pages 142-143.—Add the following:—"In 1911-12 the issue permits for the removal of leaf manure from reserved forests was discontinued.

Up to 1911-12 exploitation and disposal of fuel from Government reserves had been effected partly by Government Agency and partly by sale of standing growth to contractors. In accordance with the general policy of Government, departmental working was put a stop to in 1912-13, the Government fuel depot in Madura was closed on 31st March 1912, and all extraction and supply of fuel from reserved forests has since been effected by contract agency.

In 1912-13 the Board sanctioned the closure of all reserves to goat browsing on permit. At that date goats were admitted on payment of annas 8 per head to browso over 43,520, acres of reserved forest, in 1913-14 the area to which they were admitted was reduced to 21,120 acres and this area was also

closed from 1st July 1914.





The working plans sanctioned for the Kanavaipatti and Palamedu forest ranges and for the Cumbam forest range and described in volume I have since undergone revision and modification. Modified plans were sanctioned for Kanavaipatti range in 1907, for Palamedu range and also for Cumbam range in 1912. A special working plans officer has recently been deputed to draw up fresh plans for these areas so that at the present moment it is impossible to outline the schemes."

## CHAPTER VI.

Page~147.-Add at the end of paragraph 2:-" The appliances Weaving now in use provide for weaving fine figures on borders of cloth. These are said to have been in existence for over ten years prior to the publication of the present volume of the Gazetteer."

Page 148.—Insert before paragraph 1:—"There has been no Dyoing. change in the dyoing process except in the solution to be used in the second stop. The roots of imburan which were hitherto largely used for giving thread a red colour have been abandoned and to make up for this, Gorman alizarine dye which was hitherto added in a small quantity to the solution is now mixed up in a larger The change is said to be due to the greater proportion. expense and trouble involved in the use of these roots for they are costlier and have to be well grounded before they can be used. Mereover a finer and deeper shade of red colour can be obtained by using German alizarino dye than imburan roots. Kayava leaves continue to be used as before. It is said that the decrease in the import of alizarine owing to the "European wars" has been creating a necessity for the use of imburan roots."

Page 148.—Add at the end of paragraph 1:—"The manufac- Gold and ture of this article still continues in the same way but on a smaller silver thread. scale than before by a very few Musalmans to supply a demand from other parts which is not so great as it was some ten years back."

Page 149.—Insert at the end of paragraph 1:— Messrs. Outton Harvey's steam mill near Madura Railway station consumes spinning. annually more cotton than before. More buildings have also sprung up and the business is now on a larger scale."

During the last ten years several rice mills have been established, the biggest of them being near the Madura Bridge Railway station: This is very useful to the public.

Page 150.—Add at the end of paragraph 2:—"Groundnut oil Oils. is also consumed to a larger extent. In fact this is the chief oil used for the proparation of confectionery and the merchants gain a good deal in this trade."

Wood carving.

Page 150.—Add at the end of paragraph 4:—"The Madura Technical Institute is now maintained by the Government and not by the District Board. Separate buildings are proposed to be constructed on the road to Tirupparankundrum. Fancy articles are also made very finely by skilled art workmen as well as in metal."

Export.

Page 151.—Insert at the end of paragraph 5:—"Groundnut is exported largely to Bombay and other parts from Madura.

Since 1907 the export of groundnut from the Madura and Melur taluks has become enormous. Both in the Periyar and non-Periyar tracts, this crop has taken the place of the ordinary cereals such as blackgram, dholl and horsegram, etc. This is exported to Madura town, where the oil is largely used for dyeing processes, to Bombay and even outside India.

There is a ginning factory at Tirumangalam owned by Messrs. Ralli Brothers on the eastern side of the Railway station. The season commences in February and closes by the end of August of each year. Cotton is being sent to this factory from all parts of this taluk and the Periyakulam taluk. Groundnuts are also purchased in this factory and exported to Bombay."

# CHAPTER VII.

Means of Communication-Roads.

Insert the following to supplement the information already given in the chapter:—

Their existing condition.

Page 154, paragaph 2.—" Madura now possesses  $935_4^3$  miles of maintained roads of which  $852_5^2$  miles are gravelled and metalled. Except the road from Bodinayakkanur to Kottagudi which is in charge of the Public Works Department, those are kept up by the Local Boards."

The chief routes.

Page 155, paragraph 2.—"The chief lines are: (a) from Trichinopoly district to Rāmnād frontier through Melur, Madura and Tirumangalam, (b) from Rāmnād district through Sathrusangarakottal and Melur to Madura, (c) from Madura to Dindigul, vià Ammayanayakkanur and thence through Palni to the Coimbatore frontier, (d) from Ammayanayakkanur through Batlagundu and Periyakulam to the head of the Cumbam valley and the Periyar lake (Travancore frontier) and (e) from Madura through Usilampatti and Theni to Bodinayakkanur and thence to Kottagudi, a village at the foot of the Travancore hills, from which a steep track leads to the top of that range.

The Kottagudi ropeway. Page 155, paragraph 3.—"Out of the 22 miles of mono-rail tramway, one mile lies in British territory and the rest in Travancore territory. The District Board and Government have





since permitted the construction of the tramway as far as it lies in their jurisdiction."

Page 155, paragraph 4.—"In the year 1909, an estimate for Law's ghat Rs. 5,65,155 was sanctioned and the work was recommenced by the Public Works Department. The estimate was revised in 1912 and now stands at Rs. 7,01,590. The road has now been opened for traffic. The ruling gradient is 1 in 17 and suited to motor-cars. The road ends at Ganguvarpatti, a village at the foot of the hills, which is connected by a metalled road of 3½ miles in length with the main road from Ammayanayakkanur to Periyakulam. The total distance from Kodaikanal to the main road is about 36 miles and the Kodaikanal Road Railway station is 17 miles from this point. Motor service is now available on the main road."

Kodaikanal.

Page 156, middle paragraph.—" The construction of this ghat The Attur road was begun by the Public Works Department. But owing ghat road. to unforeseen difficulties met with during execution, this ghat road could not be completed and was abandoned after a good deal of money had been spent. At the request of the planters and with the approval of Government, the ghat road as far as formed is now being maintained by the District Board in passable order at an annual cost of Rs. 1,000 supplemented by an annual contribution of Rs. 800 from the planters."

Page 157, paragraph 3.—"The construction of a bridge Bridges. across the Shanmuga Nadhi at a cost of Rs. 1,00,300 is now sanctioned by Government and the work has been put on hand.

The Kunnur Ferry worked till November 1914 across the Surulivar when a girder bridge of 4 spans of 66 feet each was completed by the Local Fund Department at a cost of Rs. 66,100 and opened for traffic.

The following bridges have also been built by the Local Fund Department and their cost was met equally from Provincial

and Local Funds:—

(1) A stone arched bridge of 6 spans of 30 feet each across the Theniar river at Thoni on the road from Periyakulam to Cumbam valley at a cost of Rs. 58,000,

(2) and another stone arched bridge of 3 spans of 25 feet each on the road from Dindigul to Palni across the Mangarai river at a cost of Rs. 24,000, and

(3) the construction of a bridge across the Varahanadhi river at Periyakulam at a cost of Rs. 84,000 is also sanctioned by Government and the work just begun."

Pages 158-159.—"A railway from Madura to Bodinayakkanur Railways. through Chekkanurani, Usilampatti, Theni and Andipatti is shortly to be constructed by the District Board. The line has been surveyed by the South Indian Railway Company and detailed estimates and plans have been prepared and submitted

for the sanction of the Board of Directors. The District Board have proposed to raise debenture loans to meet the cost of the construction of the railway and the orders of Government are being awaited."

## CHAPTER VIII.

Page 166.—Add at the end of paragraph 3:—"In Tirumangalam taluk especially a large number of wells have been dug in various villages with the aid of state loans since 1905. The people cannot therefore be said to be now at the mercy of the seasons. Though the prices of food grains are doar, yet the coolies find labour and do not suffer.

In regard to Madura generally though there has been no famine in recent years yet the prices of food stuffs continue to be high."

Page 167.—Insert at the end of the page:—"There was a heavy flood in the Kodavanur river in January 1909."

# CHAPTER IX.

#### Public health.

Fever.

Page 169.—Add the following at the end of paragraph 3:—
"Enteric fever among Indians is distinctly common, especially in the large towns and more particularly in Madura city. It is known among Indians as three weeks' fever and finds a place in statistics usually under malarial fever.

Dengue and influenza have become common in opidemic form in recent years, Madura and Dindigul towns being the most severely attacked localities.

Tuberculosis.

This is met with principally in the form of Phthisis which seems to be rapidly on the increase more especially in Madura town which offers an extremely favourable uidus for the disease owing to acute congestion and over-crowding and very insanitary surroundings.

Parasito

Anchylostomiasis or Hook-worm disease is common throughout the district and is the cause of a considerable amount of disability. Possibly it was introduced originally by coolies from Ceylon, but it is now present in endomic form. Guinea-worm disease is also common in several parts of the district, particularly in Nilakottai and Batlagundu.

Veneroal diseases.

These are common to an appalling extent. The great endemic centres are the towns of Madura and Palni, where prostitutes abound, and practically none of whom escape these diseases. A





very large percentage of the patients admitted to the Madura Municipal Hospital are suffering from these diseases. Besides gonorrhœa and syphilis, infective grannoloma is also common."

Pages 171-172.—Insert the following under several heads: Medical "The medical institutions of the district comprise five Municipal, three Local Board, two Mission hospitals and three Municipal, fourteen Local Board and one Mission dispensaries. The Roman Catholic Mission maintains a hospital at Shembaganur.

"The hospital built in 1903 has now become too small to meet. The Madura the demands made on it and as the present site does not admit Hospital, of extension and the institution as a whole does not lend itself to improvements on modern lines a movement has been set on foot and is at present receiving the attention of Government for the provision of a new large General Hospital and a new Maternity Hospital built and equipped according to modern ideas.

"This was completed in 1912 and the Chester Hospital and The Dindigul the women and children's dispensary are now located in buildings which have cost about Rs. 55,000 inclusive of price paid for site. Various improvements and additions are now under progress.

"In Nilakottai taluk, a dispensary was opened at Alanganallur Other in April 1906. In Madura taluk a dispensary at Tirupparan-institutions. kundrum was opened on 1st August 1914. In Palni the dispensary at Chatrapatti has been removed to Keeranur on the 1st October 1913."

# CHAPTER X.

## Education.

Page 175.—Add at the end of paragraph 2:—'A fund is being raised to erect a building to house the sangam."

Tamil Sangam.

Page 177.—Add at the end of the ar agraph 1:—" In 1904, the College department was removed to Madura, and the High School there was put with the College under the management of the College Council. This school had been started in Madura as an Anglo-Vernacular school in 1864.

American College.

"In 1905 a gift of money, nearly one lakh of rupees, was secured in America for a new site and buildings for the College. With this, nearly twenty acres of land was purchased in Tallakulam, north of the Vaigai river and a College Hall and a students' hostel were built.

"In 1911 funds were secured for a new Science Hall. In 1913 the College was affiliated as a First Grade College in Group II A—Physical science and Group V—History and Economics of the Madras University courses for the B A. degree examination."

M adura College. Page 177—Add at the end of paragarph 2:—"In the year 1910-11 a second storey was added at a cost of about Rs. 21,000 including a Government contribution of Rs. 6,700. Gas and water plant have been installed at a cost of about Rs. 5,000. The attendance in the College classes is about 250. The institution is now managed by a Committee of Indian gentlemen incorporated under section 26 of the Indian Companies Act under the name of "The Madura College Board." Attached to it are three Lower Secondary Branches located in rented buildings."

Higher Elementary schools for girls having standards above tho fourth. Page 178.—Insert the following after paragraph 1:—"There are seven complete elementary schools for girls in the district, namely, the Government Girls' Schools at Madura and Dindigul, managed by the Educational Department, the Model School attached to the Capron Hall Training School for Mistresses, Madura, the R.C. Danappamudaliar's Street Girls' School, the R.C. East Gate and the Swedish Lutheran Mission Girls' Boarding Schools in the Madura town and the R.C. Girls' School at Dindigul—all under Mission management.

"The Sree Meenakshi Vidya Sala in the Madura Municipality has sixth as its highest standard and is under non-mission management."

#### CHAPTER XI.

Page 207.—Insert the following at the end of the page;—"In July 1910 certain divisional changes were made. The existing divisional charges are as follows:—Dindigul, Kodaikānal, Palni and Nilakottai taluks are now under the Divisional Officer of Dindigul, Madura taluk, with the exception of twenty villages and Melur taluk are under the Melur Divisional Deputy Collector. Madura head-quarters and these twenty villages are under the Head-quarters Deputy Collector. Periyakulam and Tirumangalam taluks were reconstituted as Usilampatti division whose head-quarters is Usilampatti, a union village attached to the Tirumangalam taluk. Quite recently from 1st April 1915, five villages of the Sāttūr taluk in the Rāmnād district have been transferred to the Tirumangalam taluk and in their place ten villages of the Tirumangalam taluk have been transferred to Aruppukköttai taluk in the Rāmnād district.

"The appointments of Additional District Magistrate and Special Deputy Collector have now ceased to exist.





"Revision survey and settlement are at present in progress in the district."

Page 209.—Add to the list on this page.—

# List of Collectors—continued.

Date of taking charge.		Names.	
24th December 1906		Mr. H. F. W. Gillman,	I.C.S
		Vr. J. F. Bryant	,,,
11th May 1909		Mr A. Butterworth	•
17th July 1909 .		Mr. J. G. Burn	"
9th October 1909 .		Mr A. Butterworth	9.1
20th October 1910 .		Mr. A. R. Knapp	1,
24th March 1911 .		Mr. J. R. Huggins	11
23rd May 1911		Mr. A. R. Knapp	"
3rd July 1911 .		Mr. J. R. Huggins	))
20th August 1911 ,		Mr. A. R. Knapp	31
17th September 1911 .		Mr. J. R Huggins	2)
31st December 1911 .		Mr. A. R. L Tottonham	.,
24th January 1912 .		Mr. A. R. Knapp	
DECT 38 - 1 7030		Mr. J. R. Huggins	27
OH!! ! !! 1010		Mr. A. R. Knapp	"
10.1 T 1 1010		Mr. W. A. Doig	"
14.3 T 1010		Mr. J. W. Glasson	"
ODI T 100	•••	Mr. A. Fotheringham	"
		Mr. A. R. Knapp	11
		Mr. G. F. Paddison	11
15th January 1915 .	•••	BIL. G. E. LEGGISON	23

## CHAPTER XII.

Page 212.—Insert the following as the penultimate paragraph—" Beer shops have been opened in Tirumangalam, Periyakulam, Bodinayakkanīr and Uttamapālaiyam."

Page 213.—Insert at the end of paragraph 2:—"The incidence of income-tax has considerably increased owing to the assessment of the income from cardamom grown in the Travancore Hills brought into the Periyakulam taluk which borders on that territory."

# CHAPTER XIII.

# Administration of Justice.

Page 215.—Add at the end of paragraph 2.—"(1) A separate Judicial District Court has been established for the Rāmnād district Courts and the Court of the Additional Sessions Judge, Madura, was abolished in June 1910.

"(2) There is now only one Subordinate District Court, namely, that of Madura.

"(3) An additional permanent District Munsif's Court, namely, that of Melur has been established at Madura and there are two additional Temporary District Munsifs' Courts, sitting one at Madura and the other at Dindigul."

Registration Department.

Page 215.—Substitute the following for paragraph 5:—"The Registration of Assurances is effected in the usual manner. The District Registrar's office is located at Madura. The District Registrar is assisted by a joint Sub-Registrar working in his office. The former is in charge of the registration offices in the Rāmnād revenue district also but it is likely that a separate Registrar will be appointed for Rāmnād in the near future. There are 25 registration offices in Madura district and they include the Registrar's office, 4 sub-offices in Madura town and 20 other Sub offices. The latter are stationed at

Attur				***	Peraiyur,
Bodinayakka	nur			***	Periyakulam.
Chatrapatti					Sindupatti.
Solavandan		,.,		•••	Dindigul.
Kallikudi	***				Tamaraipatti.
Kodaikānal		,			Tirumangalam,
Melur				***	Usilampatti.
Natham	***				Uttamapalayam.
Nilakottai				,.,	Batlagundu.
Palni			111		Vodasandur.

"The office at Uttampalayam is worked by two Sub-Registrars."

Oriminal Justice. Page 215.—Add at the end of paragraph 6:—"A Special Magistrate exercises powers in Uttamapalayam also,"

Orime,

Page 215.—Substitute for the penultimate paragraph:—"The district was bifurcated in June 1910, the district of Rāmnād being formed of the two Zamindaris of Rāmnād and Sivaganga of the old Madura district and the taluks of Sāttūr and Srīvilliputtūr of the Tinnevelly district. From tables showing the average number of grave crimes in the various districts of the Presidency during the years 1904-09 (before the bifurcation of Madura and Rāmnād) and 1910-12 (after the bifurcation) it appears that the district continues to be one of the most criminal in the Presidency. In respect of cattle-theft next but one to Coimbatore which heads all the districts in the Presidency.

"Dacoities of travellers on the public roads are comparatively rare and special talayaris paid from Police funds paired all the important roads in the district in conjunction with the regular police."

Oriminal castes.

Page 216.—Substitute for the first sentence of paragraph 1:—
"A very large proportion of the crime is committed by one caste, the kallars. These people are very elever at cattle-lifting and they use the several mountain passes in the district to carry

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away their booty. These passes are being guarded by 'Ghat Talayaries' paid from Police funds. Steps are being taken to see if these people can be reclaimed and among the means employed may be mentioned the establishment of Co-operative Credit Societies and the introduction of the Criminal Tribes Act in some of the important kallar villages. By the introduction of this Act the kallars of the district would be brought under more strict surveillance and better control, than by casual checks by Police constables."

Page 217.—Add at the end of paragraph 4:—"The district is Present divided into circles each in charge of an Inspector who has about Police 6 stations to control and each station is in charge of officers called Sub-Inspectors. The old Police force has been reorganised after the recommendation of the Police Commission in 1902-03 and the strength of the force both morally and numerically has been considerably increased."

## APPENDIX TO CHAPTER XIII.

#### Page 219.—Add at the end of the list:—

6th July 1908	144	Mr. A. C. Dutt,	I.O.S.
31st July 1908		Mr. F. H. Hamnett	19
2nd July 1911	•••	Mr. D. G. Waller	13
12th Docomber 1911	114	Mr. J. G. Burn	1)
2nd January 1914 23rd March 1914	•••	Mr. B. C. Smith Mr. J. G. Burn	19
ZOFU DURUUL IBIU		mr. o. C. Durn	"

District and Sessions Judgescontinued.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

Pages 220-221.—Insert the following :- "The four Taluk The Local Boards are now those of Madura, Melur, Usilampatti and Boards. Dindigul. The last two Taluk Boards were constituted in 1910, Usilampatti comprising the revenue taluks of Periyakulam and Tirumangalam, Dindigul those of Dindigul, Palni, Nilakottai and the Deputy Tahsildar division of Kodaikanal.

The number and names of the unions under the several Taluk Boards are now as follows:--Some transfers having taken place owing to the reconstitution of the Taluk Boards, under the Madura Taluk Board, Tirupparankundrum Union formed in 1911; under the Molur Taluk Board those at Melur and Natham; under the Usilampatti Taluk Board those at Tirumangalam, Usilampatti, Peraiyur, Melmangalam, Keelmangalam, Bodinayakkanur, Chinnamanur, Uthamapalayam, Cumbam, Gudalur; under the Dindigul Taluk Board, Nilakottai, Ayyampalayam, Batlagundu, Vedasandur, Ayakkudi, Neikarapatti, Solavandan and Kiranur formed in 1913.

The chief item of income in these unions is the house-tax but the maximum rate is only levied in nine of them, three-fourths maximum in six and half maximum in the remaining six. In 1913-14 the highest average assessment (Rs. 2-11-5) was in Tirupparankundrum under the Madura Taluk Board and the lowest in Neikarapatti annas 7 pies 5 under the Dindigul Taluk Tolls are now levied at the maximum rate allowed by the Act with effect from April 1914.

As a consequence of the redistribution of the revenue taluks in the new Madura district in 1910 among the reconstituted divisions, alterations were naturally made in the electoral circles and in the number of members which each circle returns to the Taluk Board. The elective proportion of the Taluk Board was also enhanced in 1912 from one-third to one half."

Page 221.—Insert at the end of this page:—" Proposals have a second time been submitted recommending the constitution of Bodinayakkanur into a municipality and orders from Government are awaited."

Madura

Page~224.—Insert at the end of paragraph 2:—"The scheme Municipality before the Council in 1905 for cutting a trench some two miles up the river and laying in it an 18-inch stoneware pipe was not carried out. The additional supply of water during the dry season was obtained in the usual way by excavating a supply channel in the bed of the river higher up the filter bed. With the rapid growth of the town the supply of water became inadequate. Consequently in 1913, Government sanctioned an experimental additional water-supply scheme at a cost of 11 lakhs of rupees. Towards this expenditure Government made a free grant of half the sum and sanctioned a loan of the other half repayable in 30 annual instalments."

Drainage.

Pag = 225.—Add at the end of paragraph 1:—" After considering various schemes, Government finally sanctioned a general underground drainage scheme at a cost of Rs. 22 lakhs. Towards this also Government made a free grant of half the sum and sanctioned the loan of the other half repayable in 30 annual instalments.

The accumulations of the reserve drainage and water-tax fund up to 1st April 1915 amount to Rs. 1,80,000. Both the works were put on hand during the latter half of 1913 and the execution of the work was placed in charge of a special Executive Engineer under the supervision of the Sanitary Superintending Engineer with the Government of Madras. The works are expected to be finished about 1920."

Dindigul watersupply.

Page~226.—Add at the end of paragraph 1:—" The Government have sanctioned an estimate of Rs. 63,050 for extending the infiltration gallery and improving the water-supply. The first portion of the scheme is under progress, Government having undertaken to bear its cost amounting to Rs. 32,564."

Periyakulam

Page 227.—Insert before paragraph 1:—"The suspension Municipality bridge was completed in 1908 and two separate bridges for the



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Varahanadhi and Pambar rivers were sanctioned in 1914 and are now under construction.

Plans have been sanctioned by Government for the construction of a new hospital at a cost of Rs. 41,700 to be met entirely from Provincial funds. The work is to be started shortly and a site has been acquired at a cost of Rs. 11,040 and handed over

to the municipality.

A scheme for a water-supply from the Berijam project was brought into effect in 1912 and is working well. Water from the Berijam reservoir in the hills is conveyed to the town by the Varahanadlii channel. About  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles west of the town a small dam is erceted to force the water into an off-take and screening chamber, thence it is taken to four filter beds by a ten feet steel pipe and let into storage reservoirs which are two in number. The present distributive arrangement cousists of two principal mains, 21 fountains and two hydrants and the whole scheme cost Rs. 1,92,670 of which one half was met by Government as a free gift. Forty-nine additional fountains have been sanctioned for erection in different parts of the town the existing number being insufficient. One half the cost is being met by loan The supply of pure drinking water has from Government. effected a great diminution in epidemic cholera in Periyakulam.

A preliminary invostigation of a water-supply scheme for the villages of Gudalur, Cumbam, Uthamapalayam and Chinnamanur has been made. The cost of the scheme to supply these four towns with Periyar water is estimated at 63 lakhs of rupees with the annual working charges at Rs. 4,100. The source of supply is water from the Periyar tunnel. If the scheme be found financially practicable by the local board further investigation will be made. The water to be drawn off the Vairavanar river above Kuruvanuthu bridge will pass through roughing filters and be conveyed by about 20 miles of cast from pipes to

those villages."

Page 227 .- Add at the end of the page :- "The water works Kodsikanal. scheme has since been carried through by the Public Works Department, Government meeting half the cost of the scheme. House connections are being made and public fountains have been erected and are in use throughout the Settlement. With regard to the Tinnevelly Settlement the Council has resolved that when funds are available a pipe line will be run as far as the Parapur bridge. This is probably all that could be done without a large expenditure. Most of the land near Pillar Rocks road being either reserved forest or unsuitable for building purposes, the water-supply question for that part is not a pressing one."

## CHAPTER XV.

Insert the following to supplement the information given in the chapter:—

Dindigul taluk. Page 232, line 1.—"A new travellers' bungalow has been built east of the Railway station. The approximate cost is Rs. 7,500 and was divided equally between the Municipal Council and the District Board. A fine building has been recently constructed by Government as a training school for teachers. A girls' school is maintained by Government."

Kodaikanal taluk, Page 253 (end).—" The question of the water-supply has been dealt with in the notes to Chapter XIV. After the model of the St. Andrews Colonial Homes at Kalinpong the St. Georges Homes at Kodaikanal have been started. The Homes are for the Eurasian children of South India and stand for a recognition of the needs of that part of the Indian population which has long been neglected. The large number of European and Eurasian children who were not attending the school and also of those whose present educational training would over leave them sadly handicapped in life urgently domanded in South India an organization after the model of that at Kalinpong. A suggestion to this effect was made in 1910 and as a result of the efforts made by the projectors the Homes were able to start work in 1914."

Madura.

Page 259, paragraph 1.—"The European club removed from Sandaipettai to the race course in January 1909 occupied at first a thatched building which was afterwards retained as club property. The present fine terraced building was opened in October 1909. There are now three tennis courts and a billiard room. A system of electric lighting and electric faus was introduced in March 1915 and proposals have been approved by a general meeting for creeting a ladies' pavillion with dancing floor. The membership now stands at 103. There is also a golf course in the area comprised by the race course and a gymkhana club in connection with the European club. Opposite the club there is now the new Bank house while several other official residences have been built about the race course.

The Cosmopolitan club has also its club buildings on the race course. The main building is expected to be finished by July 1915, the foundation stone having been laid by the Hon'ble Mr. Butterworth, I.C.S. The games include tennis, billiards and the present strength of the club is 49 resident and 23 non-resident members.

Work on the Tamkam has been completed and the new residential part is now inhabited."

Melur taluk.

Page 288, paragraph 2.—"Six miles north of Melur on the way to Kottampatti there is an interesting fresh water spring



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about a furlong east of the road. It issues from a rocky hill and the base of the hill has been encircled with a bund so that a considerable tank has been formed. A modern inscription on a stone post adjoining the road marks the position of the spring "

Page 292, paragraph 1.—" A forest road from Palamedu to Nilakottai Ramayampatti and a road from Mullipallam to Peranai were taluk. opened in 1912. The total population of the taluk is 199,262 (1911 census)."

Page 292, paragraph 2.—"A motor bus now runs from the Ammayanastation to the tope superseding the old bulluck tongas." yakkanur.

Fage 298, last paragraph.—"A Sub-Registrar's office was Batlag und u. opened here in April 1914.7

Page 303, line 9. - "Idayacottai has now been handed over Palni taluk. to the Zamindar."

Page 303, paragraph 2.—" Kiranur was constituted a Union Kiranur. in 1913. The dispensary previously located at Chatrapatti was transferred to Kiranur in the same year. Recently the branch post office has been converted into a telegraph office."

Page 308, paragraph 2.— "This estate was sold to Veerappa Rettayam-Chettiyar of Devakoltai for Rs. 3,75,000 in December 1907 and badi. the Ayyakkudi Zamin was redeemed. The estate is solely in the possession and management of the sale purchaser and yields an annual income of Rs. 45,000 of which Rs. 12,000 and odd is paid to Government on account of peishensh and Rs. 4,500 for land cess and railway cess."

Page 312, and of paragraph 1.—" The ryots in Cumbam valley Periyakulam villages have lately acquired large extent of lands for cardamom cultivation in the adjoining Travancore hills. The estates export their produce in this taluk and draw most of their labour and supplies from here. The ryots owning such estates have grown richer. The income derived here from the cardamom estates is being assessed to income-tax from 1914. Consequently the amount of income-tax has considerably increased."

Page 313, paragraph 1.—"At Theni where there is the biggest Allinagaram. weekly market it is contemplated to open a flag station to the proposed Railway line."

Page 313, paragraph 2.—"Here also it is contemplated to Andipatti. open a flag station."

Page 313, last paragraph.—"It is the terminus of the proposed railway line. Kamulu Ammal continues to be the proprietrix of the estate."

Bodinayak.

Page 316, last paragraph.—" Akkulanmal continues to be the Erasakkanaproprietrix of the estate."

Guutama. nayakkanur. Page 317, paragraph 1.—"The Zamindar died and his widow Veluthai Anmal succeeded. Towards the liquidation of the debts the zamin excluding the Vallanadhi sub-division has been sold by the Madura District Court in virtue of the decree in Original Suit 65 of 1897 on the file of the Tinnevelly Sub-Court, E.P. 7 of 1913 on the file of the Madura District Court and purchased by Messrs. Rosher & Co. The estate is now under the management of the Court Receiver and it is likely to pass into the hands of the auction purchaser shortly."

Kom bai.

Page 319, last paragraph.—" The well-known combai dogs of good breed have become very rare as nobody takes interest in breeding them now."

Pariyakulam.

Page 320, last paragraph.—"The number of elective seats on the council was raised from 4 to 6 in 1908. A scheme for the diversion of the drainage of the town is under preparation. Lands have been acquired in Thengarai and Vadagarai for town extension providing for about 150 houses and this ought materially to benefit the sanitary condition of the town. The council has also undertaken the provision of houses for the scavengers employed by it. The new water-supply has been referred to in the notes on Chapter XIV."

Tevaram,

Page 321, paragraph 2.—" Bangaru Ammal continues to hold the estate."

Vadagarai.

Page 322, last paragraph.—"On M.R.Ry. V. Ramabhadra Nayudu has been conferred the title of Diwan Bahadur. He is a Fellow of the Madras University. He is also the present Zamindar of Doddappanayakkanur. He continues to be the Chairman of the Periyakulam Municipal Council."

Doddappanayakkanar.

Page 326, paragraph 1.—"Kadirayaswami Doddappanayakkar succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on the 15th November 1909. He was a minor under the guardianship of his mother when the first gazetteer was prepared. The zamindari was encumbered to a considerable extent and it was therefore brought to sale in the Sub-Court, Madura West and purchased by M.R.Ry. the Hon'ble Dewan Bahadur V. Ramabhadra Nayudu Garu Avargal of Vadagarai,"

Elumalai.

Page 326, paragraph 2.—"Vadamalai Tiruvanada Muthuswami Thevan succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on the 27th June 1911. He is a minor under the guardianship of the present Zamindar of Seithur."

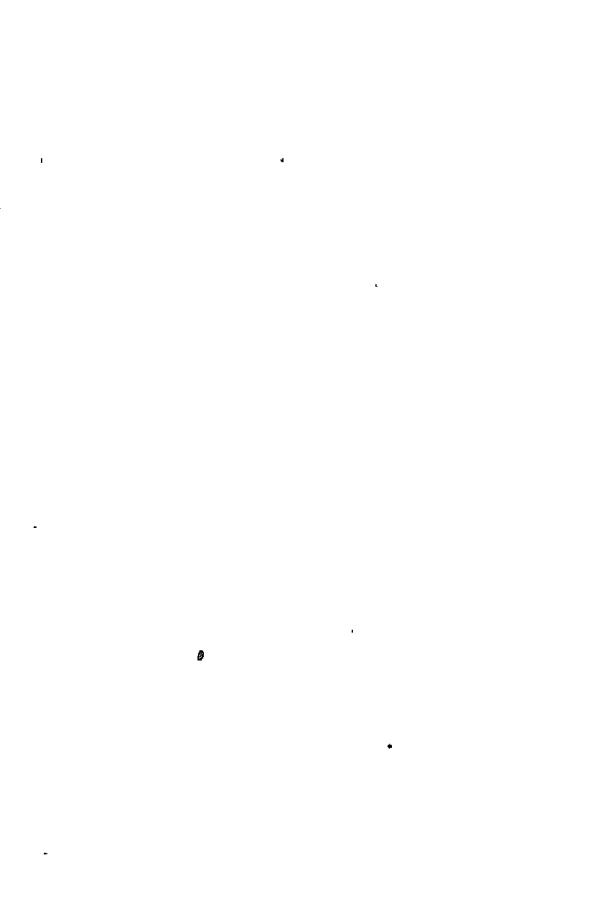
Jothilmayak.

Page 326, paragraph 3.—"The present proprietor Gurunatha Jothil Nayakkar, who was then a minor under the guardianship of his mother at the time of the publication of the last gazetteer, has now become a major."

Peraiyur.

Page 328, paragraph 2.—" Muthuvijaya Regunatha Kodimudi Thumbayaswami Thummichi Nayakkar succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on 22nd November 1909."





Page 329, paragraph 1.—" Kattari Nagaya Kamarajendra Saptur. Ramaswami Kamaya Nayakkar succeeded to the estate on the death of his father on 8th December 1906. He is a minor under the guardianship of the Collector of Madura. The estate is under the management of the Court of Wards since 1906."

Page 329, last puragraph.—" Tirumangalam The headquarters of the Tirumangalam District Munsif's Court were romoved from Madura to Tirumangalam in 1909. The town has since risen in importance and is now in a flourishing condition. It is also the centre of cotton and groundnut trade in this taluk since a ginning factory has been opened quite close to the Railway station. This factory is owned by Messrs. Ralli Bros., and they export cotton and groundnut to Bombay on a large scale."

Tirumangalam taluk.

Page 330, puragraph 1.—"Muthuswami Uthappa Nayakkar Uthappasucceeded to the estate on the death of his father on the 19th March 1913."

nayakkanur.

"It is situated on the eighth mile from Usilampatti in the Sindupatti. Usilampatti-Tirumangalam road. A Sub-Registrar's office has been recently opened there from 1st April 1914. There is a Vishnu temple of some note in the village. There is a belief in those parts that people who are unable to proceed to Tirupathi can pay their vows in this shrine. A tasdik allowance of Rs. 775-5-6 is being paid to the temple annually as beriz deduction by Government. There is a flagstaff in the temple which is held in special veneration and it is resorted to for purposes of solemn affirmation when litigants in civil suits agree to have their disputes so settled."

Page 330, paragraph 1.—" Usilampatti once the abode of Usilampatti. notorious cattle-lifters has now become a place of much importance since the location of the Deputy Collector's office there. There is at present under contemplation a proposal to open a District Board railway from Madura to Bodinayakkanur through Usilampatti. In the event of this being accomplished, the place is likely to become a centre of trade in the taluk as one of the biggest markets in the district is located there."